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HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1916.

No. 33

NEW BILL WILL AFFECT OHIO CO.

BEDISTRICTING MEASURE PUTS OHIO, MCLEAN AND HENDERSON IN 16th.

IS EXPECTED TO PASS

Hancock County Will Probably Be Placed With Daviess Instead Of McLean.

Radical changes are proposed in the reapportionment of the State into senatorial and legislative districts by bills introduced in the senate by Senator A. E. Stricklett, of Covington, and in the house of Representative Harry J. Meyers, of Covington. It is understood that these redistricting measures, while not all that the Republicans desired, nevertheless will be supported by the minority almost to a man, and that with the other support assured they are in a fair way of passage at this session.

An effort will be made to have Ohio, McLean and Henderson counties for district No. 16, and Hancock and Daviess will constitute No. 17 instead of McLean and Daviess, as it now stands.

Under the provisions of the new apportionment proposed in the Stricklett and Meyers bills, Louisville and Jefferson county are given four state senators, an increase of one, and eleven representatives which is three more than the present legislature apportionment.

Other Districts.

Other legislative districts are apportioned in the Meyers bill as follows:

No. 1, Pike; No. 2, Letcher and Knott; No. 3, Martin and Floyd; No. 4, Johnson; No. 5, Morgan and Magoffin; No. 6, Lawrence and Elliott; No. 7, Boyd; No. 8, Carter; No. 9, Greenup; No. 10, Lewis; No. 11, Mason; No. 12, Fleming; No. 13, Bath and Rowan; No. 14, Menifee and Montgomery; No. 15, Powell and Wolfe; No. 16, Clark and Estill; No. 17, Lee and Owsley; No. 18, Breathitt; No. 19, Harlan and Perry; No. 20, Clay and Leslie; No. 21, Bell; No. 22, Whitley; No. 23, Knox; No. 24, Laurel; No. 25, Jackson and Rockcastle; No. 26, Madison; No. 27, Bourbon; No. 28, Harrison; No. 29, Nicholas and Robertson; No. 30, Bracken and Pendleton; No. 31, Campbell, outside of Newport; No. 32, Campbell, City of Newport; No. 33, Kenton, outside of Covington; No. 34, Kenton, part of Covington; No. 35, Boone and Grant; No. 37, Owen and Gallatin; No. 38, Carroll and Trimble; No. 39, Henry and Oldham; No. 40, Shelby; No. 41, Franklin; No. 42, Scott; No. 43, Fayette, outside of Lexington; No. 44, Fayette, City of Lexington; No. 45, Woodford and Jessamine; No. 46, Anderson and Washington; No. 47, Mercer; No. 48, Boyle; No. 49, Garrard; No. 50, Lincoln; No. 51, Pulaski; No. 52, Casey and Russell; No. 53, McCreary and Wayne; No. 54, Clinton and Cumberland; No. 55, Metcalfe and Monroe; No. 56, Barren; No. 57, Hart and Greene; No. 58, Larue and Marion; No. 59, Adair and Taylor; No. 60, Nelson; No. 61, Hardin and Meade; No. 62, Spencer and Bullitt; No. 74, Breckinridge and Hancock; No. 75, Daviess, outside of Owenton; No. 76, City of Owenton; No. 77, McLean; No. 78, Ohio; No. 79, Grayson; No. 80, Butler and Edmonson; No. 81, Warren, except Magisterial Districts 1 and 2; No. 82, Warren, City of Bowling Green and Magisterial Districts 1 and 2; No. 83, Allen and Simpson; No. 84, Logan; No. 85, Todd; No. 86, Muhlenberg; No. 87, Christian; No. 88, Trigg; No. 89, Caldwell and Lyon; No. 90, Hopkins; No. 91, Crittenden and Livingston; No. 92, Webster; No. 93, Henderson; No. 94, Union; No. 95, Marshall; No. 96, Calloway; No. 97, Graves; No. 98, McCracken; No. 99, Ballard and Carlisle; No. 100, Hickman and Fulton.

Senatorial Districts.

The senatorial districts outside of Louisville will be as follows:

No. 1, Pike, Knott and Floyd; No. 2, Harlan, Letcher, Leslie, Per-

ry and Clay; No. 3, Owsley, Lee, Estill, Jackson, Rockcastle; No. 4, Knox, Laurel, Bell; No. 5, Pulaski, Whitley, McCreary; No. 6, Wayne, Russell, Clinton, Cumberland, Monroe; No. 7, Barren, Metcalfe, Adair; No. 8, Edmonson, Allen, Warren; No. 9, Logan, Todd, Simpson; No. 10, Christian, Muhlenberg; No. 11, Lyon, Trigg, Calloway, Marshall; No. 12, Fulton, Graves, Hickman; No. 13, Ballard, Carlisle, McCracken; No. 14, Livingston, Crittenden, Union, Caldwell; No. 15, Webster, Hopkins; No. 16, Henderson, McLean, Ohio; No. 17, Daviess, Hancock; No. 18, Breckinridge, Meade, Hardin; No. 19, Grayson, Hart, Greene, Butler; No. 20, Nelson, Marion, Taylor, LaRue; No. 21, Anderson, Shely, Spencer, Bullitt, Oldham, Trimble; No. 22, Garrard, Lincoln, Boyle, Casey; No. 23, Mercer, Woodford, Franklin, Wasbington; No. 24, Fayette; No. 29, Gallatin, Henry, Scott, Carroll, Owen; No. 30, Kenton; No. 31, Campbell; No. 32, Mason, Boone, Grant, Pendleton, Bracken; No. 33, Bourbon, Harrison, Nicholas, Montgomery, Robertson; No. 34, Madison, Clark, Jessamine; No. 35, Elliott, Rowan, Fleming, Bath, Menifee, Powell; No. 36, Wolfe, Breathitt, Morgan, Magoffin; No. 37, Carter, Greenup, Lewis; No. 38, Martin, Johnson, Lawrence, Boyd.

SHORTAGE FOUND IN DUNDEE BANK

SPECIAL DEPUTY G. B. LIKENS, IN CHARGE, ISSUES REPORT OF CONDITION.

A partial report on the condition of the Dundee Deposit Bank at Dundee, which went into liquidation about four weeks ago following the suicide of J. S. Weller, the cashier, has been made public by G. B. Likens, special deputy banking commissioner. The report gives the condition of the bank at the close of business on January 14, 1916, as shown by the books. In his report the special commissioner says:

At this time I find that in four different accounts shortages appear as follows:

Notes, \$1,561.77, American Southern National Bank, Louisville, Ky. (correspondent), \$1,914.60 (this will be increased to more than \$2,000 when the accounts are finally adjusted).

Outstanding certificates of deposit amounting to \$1,391.92 more than is shown by the books, all of which is a liability of the bank. All certificates may not have been presented for verification and the shortage on this account may be increased.

The demand deposits at this time have been found to be \$515.83 in excess of the amount shown on the books, and this sum is a liability of the bank. Total definitely located at present, \$5,384.12.

The actual value of the notes, overdraft accounts, real estate, furniture and fixtures can not be given at this time.

The formal statement attached is made a part of this report.

Respectfully submitted,
G. B. LIKENS,
Special Deputy Banking Commissioner.

The directors and the number of shares each hold follows:

S. P. McDowell, 44 shares; S. S. Acton, 6 shares; J. E. Mitchell, 5 shares; F. N. Landrum, 10 shares; J. M. Neighbors, 7 shares; J. D. Duke 10 shares.

DR. T. HENRY AULL DIES AT BOWLING GREEN HOME

Bowling Green, Ky., Feb. 12.—Dr. T. Henry Aull, one of Bowling Green's most prominent druggists, died yesterday afternoon at his home in this city. Dr. Aull had been ill for some time of stomach trouble, and the end was not unexpected. He had been in the drug business in this city for over twenty years. He was 55 years of age. He is survived by two daughters, Mrs. George H. Moseley and Miss Virginia Aull, both of this city. He leaves also a father, Dr. A. S. Aull, of Auburn, Ky., and a brother, Eugene Aull, of this city.

Ed. Note—Dr. Aull was born near Sulphur Springs and several years ago worked in the drug store of Mr. J. W. Ford, in Hartford.

JURY HOLDS MORT TATE NOT GUILTY

ACQUITTED OF POSSUM HUNTER CHARGES IN CIRCUIT COURT HERE TUESDAY.

OTHER COURT NOTES

Criminal Docket Disposed of and Civil Cases Now Being Tried.

PLOT AGAINST THE CHURCHES

POISONING AT BANQUET PART OF NATION-WIDE CONSPIRACY.

A NEST OF ANARCHISTS

Destruction of Houses of Worship All Over the Country Was Planned.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 15.—Search was started today for the principals in what is believed by the police to have been a plot to destroy buildings and kill members of the clergy, bankers and others, in a dozen cities in various sections of the United States. Discovery of the alleged plot, according to the police, resulted from examination of the personal effects of John Allegri, confidant of Jean Crones, who is charged by the authorities with putting poison in soup at the banquet given Archbishop George W. Mundelein at the University Club Thursday night, and causing the illness of 100 of the guests.

Chief of police Hesley, Chief of Detectives Nicholas Hunt, and Deputy Chief of Police Herman Schuetter announced today after studying translations of letters written in Italian, found in Allegri's rooms, that they regarded as established the existence of an anti-clerical organization, headed by a "committee of fifteen," of which Crones and Allegri are believed to have been members.

Police are searching for Crones, who is a former assistant chef at the University Club. Allegri is in jail charged with conspiracy to commit murder.

The police were guarded in making public the contents of Allegri's correspondence, but it was stated that plans and specifications were found of several large downtown buildings in Chicago, which, it is said, had been marked for destruction by the committee. These included the People's Gas, Light and Coke Company buildings in Chicago, the Union League Club, and Federal building.

The attempt to wreck St. Patrick's Roman Catholic church in New York a year ago also is believed by Captain Hunt to have been a part of the alleged plot. According to the detective who did the translating, certain leaders in a conspiracy, which is said to be international in scope, have headquarters in Rome. He added that some of the letters contained detailed descriptions of bombs used by the conspirators. Some of these, he said, were designed to wreck buildings, others to kill policemen, and still others to spread death among churchgoers when they are walking away from church discussing the sermon.

Names Obtained.

Names of the "committee of fifteen" are said to be in the hands of the police, and it was predicted that the arrest of some of the committee members would be made before night.

Chief of detective Hunt has communicated with Nashville, Tenn., Atlanta, Ga., St. Paul and St. Louis, in hope of apprehending Crones, in one of those cities.

Police workers on the case pointed out today that the illness of fifty guests who attended the Knights of Columbus banquet on October 12 last might have been due to the activities of the alleged conspirators. At first it was believed that the illness of the banqueters was caused from ptomaine poison, but discovery of the plot to poison guests at the Mundelein dinner has given strength to the belief that the illness of the other banqueters may have been due to a similar plot.

In connection with the alleged plans of the conspirators to destroy public buildings and church property, police records show that two-score or more Chicago churches have suffered losses within the last two years. At the Moody church it was said no less than six fires said to have been of incendiary origin, have been extinguished with small loss during the last year.

Other churches in which incen-

diary fires have been discovered include Grace Episcopal church, which was destroyed September 26 last. Oakland Methodist church, Norwood Park Methodist church, Auburn Park Methodist church, Evangelical Lutheran Catholic church, Trinity Reformed Episcopal church, and three Episcopal churches—St. Chrysostom's, All Saints and St. Athanas.

One of the interesting developments in the case yesterday was the finding of a letter in Allegri's pocket in which reference was made to a fund selected for the widow of Gaetano Bresci, who assassinated King Humbert of Italy. Subsequent developments have led the police to believe that Crones and Allegri may have had knowledge of the plot to assassinate the Italian monarch.

That an attempt to blow up the State penitentiary at Joliet, Ill., was one of the plots of the alleged plotters, the police said today, was indicated by one of the Allegri's letters.

Recently it became known that dynamite sufficient to wreck many buildings had been found secreted in the penitentiary.

The letter, which was not signed, read:

"There are many good men penned up like dogs in Joliet. What a wonderful thing it would be if we could free them. It would be hard. You know F— is there."

OFFERED HIM \$1,000 TO SLAY WOODRUFF

FARMER TELLS OF PROPOSITION IN MADISONVILLE MURDER TRIAL.

Madisonville, Ky., Feb. 16.—A jury was finally impaneled here in the case of the commonwealth against James Robinson, under indictment for the killing of Dermott Woodruff and his clerk, Glover Hoard, at Hamby Station in February, 1915.

Although many important witnesses were absent, over one hundred were present at the opening of court today. Great interest is being manifested in the trial and the courthouse was crowded all day.

The commonwealth had prepared a blackboard chart, showing the position of the bodies when found, also the building, railroad track, etc. The first witnesses were examined mainly on the nature of the wounds and the position of the bodies when first discovered.

Two of the commonwealth's star witnesses were on the stand yesterday, M. K. Gordon, a prominent attorney of this city, and Cliff Knight, a farmer. When Mr. Gordon was asked by the commonwealth to tell of the conversation he had with Robinson in regard to Woodruff, one of the murdered men. Attorney Breathitt, for the defense objected on the grounds that the conversation between Robinson and Gordon was that between a client and attorney and was confidential.

The court called all the lawyers of the local bar into consultation with the result that the objection was overruled. Mr. Gordon then stated that Robinson had asked him what the penalty would be if Woodruff would "drop out." Mr. Gordon stated that of course he could give no answer to a question of that sort.

Cliff Knight, when cross examined by Attorney Fox for the defense became muddled in some of his answers in substance his testimony was that if he (Knight) killed Woodruff, he would receive \$1,000 from Robinson.

Knight stated he told Robinson he had nothing against Woodruff, was also afraid of the consequences, and two affidavits were later produced and read in court by the defense in which Knight stated Robinson had not made him such a proposition. Knight cannot read or write and had signed his mark. Court adjourned at 6:30 o'clock with Knight still on the stand. Mrs. Knight with a two-year-old child stayed in the court room throughout the entire session, occupying a seat near her husband.

Not Very, But Some.

"Isn't that rather strong stuff that you boys buy?" asked a Northern man of a negro who had just bought a pint of rather vigorous whisky. "No sah," replied the negro: "not so strong as mi' be, sah. We reckon to this yere about three fights to a pint, sah!"

SOUNDS KEYNOTE G. O. P. CAMPAIGN

SENATOR ROOT RECEIVES GREAT OVATION FROM A NEW YORK AUDIENCE.

RAPS FOREIGN POLICIES

President Taken to Task for Making Threats—He Has Not "Backed Up."

New York, Feb. 15.—In a speech criticizing the Wilson Administration especially in respect to its foreign policy, former United States Senator Elihu Root, as temporary chairman of the Republican State Convention, sounded here tonight what was regarded as the keynote of the Republican national campaign. He was introduced by Frederick C. Tanner, chairman of the State Committee, and was greeted with an ovation which lasted two and a half minutes.

Every seat in the convention hall and all standing room was occupied long before the convention opened. The boxes were almost entirely reserved for women, one being filled with suffrage leaders.

Attacks Mexican Policy.

The first part of Mr. Root's speech which was devoted to a consideration of the tariff and economic conditions, was received in comparative silence. When he opened an attack on President Wilson's Mexican policy he was repeatedly interrupted with applause, however.

The first prolonged outbursts of cheering came when Mr. Root, turning to European affairs, denounced the President's policy as one of making threats, and failing to make them good.

In the prepared speech that Mr. Root sent out in advance he referred to Theodore Roosevelt as one of the men who had believed in the duty of the American government to protest at the violation of Belgium's neutrality by Germany. This reference was omitted tonight in the actual speech. The temporary chairman himself denounced, however the failure of the United States Government to protest against the invasion of Belgium.

Can Not Remain Silent.

"If the public opinion of the world," he said, "was to remain silent on that, neutral upon that, then all talk about peace and justice and international law and the rights of man, the progress of humanity and the spread of liberty, is idle patter—mere weak sentimentalism."

A move interpreted by Gov. Whitman's supporters as intended to prevent any fight on the convention floor for an endorsement of the State Administration, was made by Charles B. Sears, of Erie, immediately after Mr. Root ended his speech. Sears moved that all resolutions be referred to the Committee on Resolutions without debate. The motion was declared adopted by Chairman Root.

Committees Are Named.

Speaker Sweet, of the Assembly, moved that the rules of the Assembly be adopted as the rules of the convention, except that the minority in committees he permitted to submit reports. This proposal also was carried.

The Committees on Resolutions, delegates to the national convention and credentials then were named. Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler was appointed chairman of the Committee on Resolutions and Senator George F. Argetsinger, of Rochester, of the Committee on Delegates.

The convention adjourned at 10:40 o'clock to meet again at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning.

When William Barnes entered the hall before the session opened he was asked what action he intended to take in the convention.

"I have certain plans which I will put thru," he said. "You will see what they are when I carry them out."

For Sale.

My residence on Clay St., Hartford Ky., also vacant lot adjoining same. Will sell for cash or 6 and 12 months time

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MRS. S. J. WEDDING.

MANY DEFENSE PLANS OFFERED

VARIOUS WAYS OF INCREASING NATION'S LAND FORCES SUGGESTED.

PACIFISTS OBJECT TO ALL

One Expense and Declare That Militarism Will Result if Bills Go Through.

Washington, Feb. 12.—Now that the hearings on the Army Appropriations Bill have been virtually concluded by the House Committee on Military Affairs, of which Representative W. J. Fields is a member, six concrete plans for increasing the nation's land forces in preparedness against war may be said to be under general consideration. Probably a dozen others have been advanced from time to time from various sources, but six stand out more prominently than the rest. These are:

Former Secretary Garrison—Regular army, 141,843; national guard, 129,000; continental army, 400,000; total, 670,843; annual cost, \$182,224,559.

General Staff, or War College—Regular army, 500,000; continental army, three months' training a year for three years, 500,000; on furlough for three months' extra training before service, 500,000; total, 1,500,000; annual cost, \$353,000,000.

Senator G. E. Chamberlain, Chairman of Military Affairs—Regular army, 165,524, composed of 64 infantry, 20 field artillery and 19 cavalry regiments, with 30,000 men for coast artillery; seven regiments and seven battalions of engineers and signal corps of 1,840 men.

Gen. Leonard Wood—Regular army of 220,000, federalization of the national guard and compulsory service based on Swiss or Australian system.

Gen. Nelson A. Miles—Federalization of the national guard, with militia as the backbone of defense and a shorter enlistment term as a basis of increase.

Theodore Roosevelt—Regular army of 250,000, with some sort of compulsory service, based on the Swiss or Australian system.

Two Main Arguments.

"Militarism" and "expense" are the two main arguments voiced by opponents of the preparedness movement. In reply to the cry of "Militarism!" the advocates of preparedness quote an utterance by Maj. Gen. Henry Upton in 1886, indorsed afterward by the late Gen. W. T. Sherman and Elihu Root when Secretary of War. Gen. Upton said:

"It is a popular delusion that armies make wars; the fact is, wars inevitably make armies. No matter what the form of government, war, at the discretion of the rulers, means absolute despotism, the danger from which increases as the war is prolonged. Armies in time of peace have seldom if ever overthrown their governments, but in time of anarchy and war the people have often sought to dominate, and purchase peace at their own liberty. If we would escape this danger, we should make war with a strong arm. No foreign invader should ever be allowed a foothold on our soil."

At present the United States army consists—or is supposed to consist—of 5,023 officers and 102,285 men, of whom 46,000 constitute the mobile troops in continental United States and 13,000 are utilized in continental coast defenses. The strength of the militia is given as 120,000. Adopting the plan of 1913, Secretary Garrison would raise the army of 141,843, of whom 56,000 would form mobile continental troops and 20,000 be in the coast artillery.

Computations Made.

For the "second line," Mr. Garrison proposes a "continental army" of 400,000 men, to be raised at the rate of 133,000 a year for three years, these men to be "obligated" to devote a certain amount of time each year to training, for a period of three years.

In recommending a standing army of 500,000 men and an available extra force of 1,000,000 the War College experts assert that within two weeks of possible defeat of the United States navy Germany actually could land 357,000 seasoned regulars on the Atlantic Coast, and Admiral George Dewey has said that such landings would be possible at many points in New England and down the seaboard. A second expedition, following fast on the heels of the first, continues the War College experts, would place 440,000 more hostile regulars on these shores.

These computations are based by

the experts on the use of only 50 per cent. of Germany's available shipping tonnage for the first expedition and 75 per cent. for the second, the ships being able to return to Germany from America for a second load and to make a second landing in the United States in thirty and four-fifths days.

Similar computations also were made by the War College experts in regard to possible invasion by Austro-Hungary, France, Great Britain, Italy, Japan and Russia.

Problems Facing Committee.

"Our system should be able to furnish 500,000 trained and organized mobile troops at the outbreak of a war, and to have at least 500,000 more available within ninety days thereafter," assert the experts of the War College. Even at that, they add, "two expeditions alone" from a foreign foe "will provide a force large enough to cope with our 1,000,000 mobile troops, and, consequently, we must at the outbreak of hostilities provide the system to raise and train, in addition, at least 500,000 troops to replace the losses and wastage in personnel incident to war."

The two main problems confronting the House committee, therefore, are to decide on the adequate number of soldiers to be provided, without going to an extreme, and how to induce or compel the required number of men to come forward.

On the other hand, opponents of preparedness are emphasizing the allegation that under the Administration plan of this year the United States would be spending 70 per cent. of its annual budget for military purposes, as against 55 per cent. for Germany, 45 per cent. for Japan, 37 per cent. for Great Britain and 35 per cent. for France.

Many People Don't Know.

A sluggish liver can cause a person an awful lot of misery. Spells of dizziness, headaches, constipation and biliousness are sure signs that your liver needs help. Take Dr. King's New Life Pills and see how they help tone up the whole system. Fine for the stomach too. Aids digestion. Purifies the blood and clears the complexion. Only 25c at your Druggist.

BELGIAN REFUSES BODY OF HIS SON

WOULD NOT PERMIT REMAINS TO ENTER HOUSE—BETRAYED MISS CAVELL.

Amsterdam, Jan. 25.—Further details are reported from the Belgian frontier of the assassination of Nels de Rode, the Belgian who is alleged to have betrayed Miss Edith Cavell, the English nurse, executed at Brussels by the German authorities. According to this story the body of a young man who had been killed by two revolver shots, was found in a street at Scharbeek, a suburb of Brussels, early one morning. He was at once recognized as de Rode, a man of 25, once a retired major of the Belgian army. The body lay before the door of the man's parents, but the father refused to receive it and it was taken to the public mortuary.

Immediately the German authorities heard of the case they gave strict orders that the affair should be kept as quiet as possible, but instructed the police at the same time to make every effort to discover the assassin. The news spread like wildfire, however, and before noon all Brussels knew that a man regarded by the Belgians as a traitor had been put to death.

The slain man, it is said, had been suspected for a long time of spying for the Germans. It was reported that he, together with an individual of the same stamp, had made a specialty of enticing young men to take service in the Belgian army and then when they were on the point of leaving the country, delivering them to the Germans. But recently, it is stated, proof had been obtained that it was de Rode, who betrayed Miss Cavell to the Germans as well as Architect Baucq, who was put to death with her. From that moment de Rode's death sentence was signed. There is, it appears, a sort of society in Belgium, whose members have sworn to levy "justice" on those who do spying service for the Germans. Those who shot de Rode are said to have found papers on him that will enable them to trace other spies.

In reply to this challenge, Gen. von Bissig, the German governor of Belgium, not only imposed a fine of \$12,500 on Brussels, but levied a fine of 12,500 against Scharbeek where the deed was committed.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

the experts on the use of only 50 per cent. of Germany's available shipping tonnage for the first expedition and 75 per cent. for the second, the ships being able to return to Germany from America for a second load and to make a second landing in the United States in thirty and four-fifths days.

HUNDREDS ATTEND LINCOLN BANQUET

CHICAGO'S MAYOR AND ED. MORROW ARE PROMINENT FIGURES.

ORATORY IN VOLUMES

Speakers Turn Loose and 325 Exponents of Lincoln Principles Enjoy Occasion.

Louisville, Ky., February 13.—Homage to Abraham Lincoln, in commemoration of the one hundred and seventh anniversary of his birth was paid by 325 exponents of his principles last night at the second annual banquet of the Lincoln Protective Club of which Mayor William Hale Thompson, of Chicago, was the honor guest and the principle speaker, at the Seelbach Hotel.

The attendees at the event and the bursts of enthusiasm that greeted references to Republican policies attested the unity and solidity of the Emancipator's party. Ed. Morrow's entrance into the hall and his address met with prolonged applause.

Mayor Thompson was introduced by Judge George DuRelle, toastmaster, as the man who carried the wicked and Democratic city of Chicago by 149,000 votes, and as the man who settled the street car strike and closed saloons on Sunday.

Kentucky G. O. P. Commanded

In prefacing his address on "Kentucky and Illinois—their Great Contribution," Mayor Thompson took the opportunity to congratulate the Republican party in Kentucky and members of the Lincoln Protective Club on their wonderful work in Kentucky.

Mayor Thompson praised Mr. Morrow for his gallant campaign for Governor of Kentucky, "who lacked only 400 votes being elected."

"He was elected" vouchsafed a man in the audience.

"Well, he didn't get his certificate and that's a very important item. If they stole the election from you Ed," he said, turning to Mr. Morrow, "go after a higher honor, and the people will elect you to it."

Frenzied cheers signified the approval of Mayor Thompson's prophecy.

"Howdy, Ed!" Greeting.

When Mr. Morrow arose to speak on "Patriotism," the entire assemblage stood and greeted him with cries of "Howdy, Ed!" Mr. Morrow smilingly acknowledged the hearty reception accorded him.

In his characteristic way, Mr. Morrow said: "This banquet is sure a sight for sore eyes to see or any other old kind of eyes. It sure does look good to me, because it looks like we have accomplished that purpose for which the first Lincoln banquet was given one year ago—the purpose of solidifying, bringing together and uniting in a friendly spirit the Republican party. One year ago at the first Lincoln banquet, only 150 of us were there. We tried to look pleasant, but we were not. It was a mighty squatly time. We did not know what we were going to do or where we were going to do it. This party tonight is in celebration of the complete and absolute success of the movement started last year to cement the party.

Those who love the Republican party in this State," he continued, "and those who are proud of its part, can thank God that there are no longer any differences, and that all the boys are back home inside the old log cabin. Whatever wrongs there might have been on either side are forgotten, all differences have been overlooked, friends can meet friends and go on with the assurance that with a fair count or without a fair count, Kentucky again will be a Republican State.

Rekindle Fires.

"In this hour of world-wide strife, when it seems that the brotherhood of mankind has almost been lost and when it seems that men have almost forgotten God, when nations are rising and falling, and in this hour when it seems that the world is embroiled in the great final Armageddon it is well that we who love our country think of its past and dwell on its future, should rekindle on the hearthstones of our country the fires of patriotism.

In an hour like this, it is well to commemorate the life and death of the greatest man whose foot ever touched the sands of the world. It is well that we rededicate our lives, our fortunes, our hearts, our sacred honor to the United States of America, the land which has bought, made and fashioned by struggle, toil, sacrifice and death. Those who did not come to this land dedicated to only

after they had braved the perils of the ocean. Their every step from the beginning was marked by blood in order that our country might endure. These dedicated were sustained always by the American principles of patriotism. In the great war of the rebellion they shed oceans of blood that the Nation might be cemented.

Will Take Place in World.

"In this hour tonight, we should, Americans everywhere, thrilled with the life of Lincoln, feel that this Nation shall take its place throughout the realms of the earth, in every land and on every sea, carrying American ideals of justice, Godliness and fair dealing.

"This nation should be so conceived that it should have the power, of sword if necessary to preserve its honor and integrity. We can no longer keep the hand of destiny from forcing this Nation into world-wide affairs. It must and will take its place in world-wide affairs, and it should have a power commensurate with its greatness.

"I believe that if Lincoln and his soldiers were here tonight and the heroes of Valley Forge, they would say, 'Give to this land of ours an arm on the sea and an arm on the land and a navy strong enough to command respect at home and to challenge admiration abroad. Give to this land a navy great enough, if need be, to defend the righteous justice of our country in any waters on the earth. Give to this land an army so great that it could not be arrested and put in jail by the New York police force.'

Sciaticia's Piercing Pain.

To kill the nerve pains of Sciaticia you can always depend on Sloan's Liniment. It penetrates to the seat of pain and brings ease as soon as it is applied. great comfort too with Sloan's is that no rubbing is required. Sloan's Liniment is invaluable for stopping muscular nerve pain of any kind. Try it at once if you suffer with Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sore Throat, Pain in Chest, Sprains, Bruises, etc. It is excellent for Neuralgia and Headache. 25c at all Druggists.

SCOTTSVILLE MAN TO BE CHAIRMAN

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE MEETS AND SELECTS TEMPORARY OFFICERS.

Louisville, Ky., February 13.—T. B. Dixon, of Scottsville, was selected by McCoy, of Jackson, for temporary secretary of the Republican State Convention by the State Central Committee, meeting at party headquarters in the Seelbach yesterday afternoon. The convention will be held in Louisville March 1.

A subcommittee composed of A. T. Hert, Judge John P. Haswell, J. M. Chilton and Secretary Alvis S. Bennett was appointed to select the hall for the convention. They will decide between Phenix Hill and one of the down-town theaters.

Mr. Dixon is a well-known Republican, having formerly been a member of the House of Representatives. He has stampeded the State during the last several campaigns. He now is County Attorney of Allen county. Mr. McCoy is an old-time Republican editor. He is the editor of the Jackson News. No names except those of Mr. Dixon and Mr. McCoy were suggested for the temporary convention officers.

Those At Meeting.

Those attending the meeting were: Chairman Ed T. Franks, A. T. Hert, holding the proxy of Charles L. Scholl, of the State-at-large; H. H. Asher, of Pineville, holding the proxy of Joe F. Bosworth, of the State-at-large; S. T. Moore, of Marion, holding the proxy of Ed R. Miller, of the First district; J. W. McCulley, of the Second; A. J. Oliver, of Scottsville, holding the proxy of J. H. Gilliam, of the Third; Judge John P. Haswell, of the Fourth; J. M. Chilton, of the Fifth; M. L. Galvin, of the Sixth; H. G. Garrett, of the Seventh; L. F. Petty of Shelbyville, holding the proxy of George D. Florence, of the Eighth; Herman Monroe, holding the proxy of F. H. McCartney, of the Ninth; James A. Scott of the Tenth; J. S. Cooper, of Somerset, holding the proxy of A. T. Siler, of the Eleventh.

Hear Defense Advocate.

William B. Brewster, of New York secretary of the National Conference of Mayors, who is touring the country in the interest of a preparedness conference to be held in St. Louis March 3 and 4, addressed the committee. He told them that "the gun barrel is far more effective in the matter of national defense than the pork barrel," and asked their cooperation in the movement toward immediate action by Congress. He did not ask the committee to

take formal action during the meeting.

Has Used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for 20 Years.

"Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been used in my household for the past twenty years. I began giving it to my children when they were small. As a quick relief for croup, whooping cough, and ordinary colds, it has no equal. Being free from opium and other harmful drugs, I never felt afraid to give it to the children. I have recommended it to a large number of friends and neighbors, who have used it and speak highly of it," writes Mrs. Mary Minke, Shortsville, N. Y. Obtainable everywhere.

A Dog Hero.

The regimental dog of the 23rd French fort died on the field of honor. In a recent engagement the animal was intrusted with a message from one set of trenches to another. He had often been on similar errands, and, although shot at scores of times, had never been hit. Fate failed to favor him to the end, and this time he was struck down just as another couple of bounds would have carried him into safety. He died as the message was untied from his collar.

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Planters Hotel Company

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T. QUISENBERRY.

Rates \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50 per Day

Meals 25 Cents.

Best in the city for the money.

Special attention to the traveling public.

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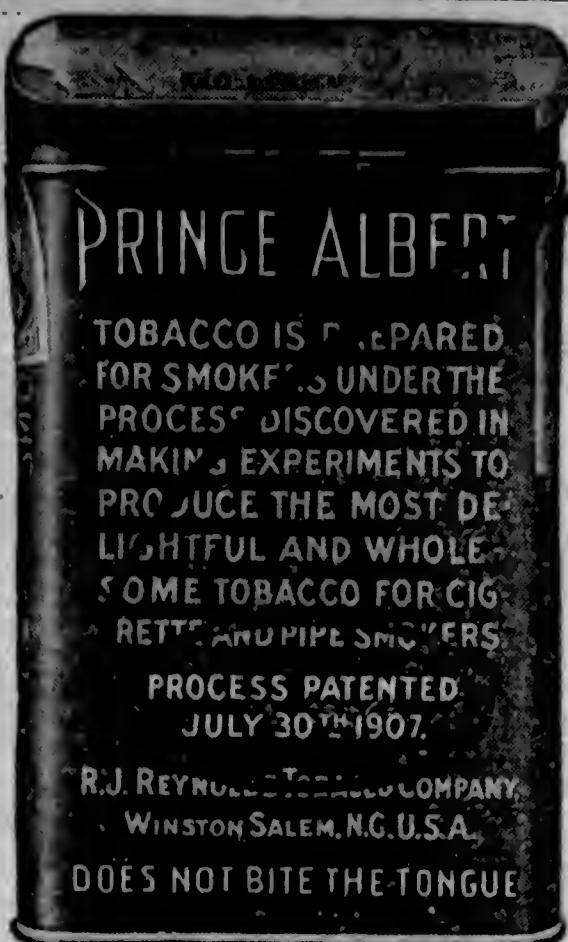
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Special Combination at a Little Over Half the Regular Price.

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Hartford, Ky.

COURIER-JOURNAL CO., Louisville, Ky.



Why Prince Albert meets men's tastes all over the world!

The patented process makes Prince Albert so good in a pipe or rolled into a cigarette that its popularity is now universal! It satisfies all smoke desires! This patented process, which also removes bite and parch, is controlled by us. No other tobacco can be like.

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the national joy smoke

Listen:

It's easy to change the shape and color of unsalable brands to imitate the Prince Albert tidy red tin, but it is impossible to imitate the flavor of Prince Albert tobacco! The patented process protects that!

And smoked in a makin's cigarette, Prince Albert is so refreshing and delightful that it gives you a new idea of cigarette happiness. Any way you fire-up Prince Albert, it will win you quick as a flash—it's so good and so friendly!

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.

Prince Albert can be bought everywhere tobacco is sold in tiny red bags, 5¢; tidy red tin, 10¢; hand-rolled and half-hand-rolled and tin humidors and in that classy pound crystal-glass humidor with sponge-moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such fine condition!

COSTUMES WORN BY WASHINGTON

DISPLAYED IN THE OLD NATIONAL MUSEUM AT WASHINGTON.

A LARGE COLLECTION

Also Contains Mementoes of His Life In The Field During The Revolution.

Washington, Jan. 22.—Among the many interesting objects pertaining to the history of this country there is probably nothing which touches the hearts of true Americans more quickly than the relics and mementoes of "The Father of His Country," George Washington, many of which are displayed in the old building of the United States National Museum in Washington, says statement issued by the Smithsonian Institution.

This collection consists of a variety of material gathered from numerous sources. While composed largely of articles of domestic and artistic interest owned by Washington at Mount Vernon, the collection also includes mementoes of his life in the field during the War of the Revolution, and a number of miscellaneous relics of greater or less importance.

The most noteworthy objects are: Four pieces of plaster statuary, and a face mask; several portraits and engravings; many pieces of furniture, including Washington's easy chair, tables, chairs, mirrors, bedstead and footstool; numerous candleabra, lamps and candlesticks; glass and chinaware and table furnishings; as well as many personal relics. These latter perhaps represent more to the visitor, since they were the individual property of this great statesman and warrior.

There are two interesting costumes worn by Washington; the first an infant's robe of white brocade silk, lined with old rose China silk, used on the occasion of his christening, and the other a Continental army uniform worn when he resigned his commission as Commander-in-Chief of the Continental army at Annapolis, Md., December 23, 1783. Representing, as these costumes do, two such separated periods of his life, they tend to remind the observer of the great things which were accomplished by Washington between the times these diversified costumes were worn. Other articles of wearing apparel comprise a waistcoat and what were known as small clothes or knee breeches.

"Three tents, with poles, pegs and

pouches, a mess chest, spyglass, field glass, portable writing case and shaving glass, make up the field equipment used by Washington in his campaign. Other relics, including an iron treasure chest and a zither and case, a music case of mahogany, a Chinese tea chest, and a gold medal commemorating his death, besides a number of other miscellaneous articles, complete one of the most interesting collections of historical objects in this country.

"Since many of the articles relate so pertinently to the home of Washington, a brief mention of its history is here made.

"Mount Vernon House, historically the most interesting of American mansions, and closely associated with nearly all the objects herein described, was erected in 1743 for Lawrence Washington, the half-brother of George, and so named in honor of Admiral Edward Vernon, R. N., under whose command Lawrence Washington had served during the British expedition against Cartagena in 1741. The property passed into the hands of George after the death of Lawrence in 1752, and the house was later improved and enlarged.

Purchase of Mt. Vernon.

When Mrs. Washington died in 1802, Mount Vernon became, in accordance with Washington's will, the property of his nephew, Bushrod Washington, who in turn bequeathed it to his nephew, John Augustine Washington, from whom it passed to a son of the same name, and in 1858 was purchased from him by the Mount Vernon Ladies' Association.

"By an act of Congress, approved June 20, 1878, the Government purchased a collection of Washington relics from G. W. Lewis and others, the heirs of Mrs. Lawrence Lewis, the adopted daughter of Washington, and the wife of his nephew, Maj. Lawrence Lewis. After the death of Mrs. Washington, in 1802, these objects had passed into the hands of Mrs. Lewis, and on her death, in 1852, were received by her heirs, who held them until their purchase by the Government in 1878, when they were deposited in the United States Patent Office, where they remained until transferred to the United States National Museum in 1883.

"The objects purchased form the greater portion of the Washingtoniana in the museum, and are designated as belonging to the "Lewis Collection." The sources of other Washington relics, received by the museum at various times as loans or gifts, are noted on the descriptive labels."

Constipation.

When constipated or troubled with constipation take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are easy to take and most agreeable in effect. Obtainable everywhere.

FATHER OF 24 IS HALE AND HEARTY

STORY OF "UNCLE BOB" BATES FEATURED IN LOUISVILLE HERALD.

IS IN HIS 96TH YEAR

Yet Kentucky Mountaineer is Receiving Congratulations on Birth Of Baby Boy.

Whitesburg, Ky. Feb. 13.—There is not a more remarkable man in Kentucky today than "Uncle Bob" Bates 96, who resides in a log cabin on the headwaters of Rockhouse Creek, Letcher County, ten miles from this city.

"Uncle Bob boasts of having lately become the father of a boy baby—the twenty fourth that has come to the family circle—and he is receiving congratulations of a legion of friends over the State. He has been married three times, according to the records. To the first union, nine children were born; to the second, eight, and to the third and present wife, seven. His first two wives died.

"After the death of his second wife, he decided to remain single, but single blessedness was too much for him and he at once set about to marry. His third choice was a pretty young woman, of 18, whom he married in his eighty fourth year.

Showed Thrifty Spirit.

Early in life, "Uncle Bob" developed a spirit of thrifit and economy, and the yet a young man, had saved up thousands of dollars, something unusual for that day. He kept everlastingly at it, and today he boasts of the fact of having learned and saved for himself a thousand or more dollars each year of his life. He has dealt extensively in stock, cattle, sheep, hogs, has bought produce, tilled the soil and blocked together vast tracts of Eastern Kentucky coal and timber lands. He has been interested in politics, served during the Civil War in the Confederate army as a Colonel, was a member of the Kentucky House of Representatives sixty years ago—again thirty years ago, and was Sheriff of Letcher county. He is today the owner of a splendid block of twelve or fifteen thousand acres of some of the best coal lands in Letcher and Knott counties.

He owns extensive bank stock, town lots, farming lands and an estimate of his holdings puts it at nearly one million dollars.

So popular was "Uncle Bob" that his friends—sixty years ago—nominated him for the Legislature by ac-

clamation. He was elected and afterward was many times prevailed upon to enter politics. "I am shy of politics—have had enough," he often said.

Thirty years later, however, he acceded to the wishes of his friends and became a candidate.

In that session, he introduced the bill and fought for the creation of a new county out of parts of Letcher and Floyd, and as a result, Knott county was created, being named for Governor J. Proctor Knott then Chief Executive. While talking of "Uncle Bob," he is frequently mentioned as the "Father of Knott county," until this day.

Walks To Frankfort.

Twenty-five years ago the people of his home town again persuaded "Uncle Bob" to become a candidate for Sheriff. He was elected by a large majority and made an enviable reputation. During his administration, he made several trips afoot to Frankfort to transact business.

Not long ago, when he had business at Mt. Sterling, a distance of 200 miles, he set out on horseback, making the distance in a little more than two days. Hearing of a bunch of cattle in Russell County, Va., a few days later, he mounted his horse, and rode over into the Virginia country in less than a day, closed the deal, and drove the cattle to Kentucky the following day.

Still Hale and healthy, Uncle Bob lives next to nature, refuses to take medicines, and never used tobacco any form.

"I take life in the right sort of way," he said. "I don't worry, no matter what obstacles confront me. Laugh and be merry, is my motto. It is better by far to 'just grin and bear it,' if something goes wrong."

From an almost trackless forest, Uncle Bob has seen his country develop churches and schools established, feud wars arise and end, railroads built, coal mines opened, in fact, a new order of things established throughout the length and breadth of Eastern Kentucky.

Uncle Bob has a large number of descendants. His grandchildren number more than 200; great-grandchildren 105; and great, great grandchildren about sixty. He is a brother of Capt. Martin Van Buren Bates, famous Kentucky giant, who lives at Seville, Ohio, and whom he plans to visit this year.—Louisville Herald.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the deeper portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous membrane of the ear. This tube is closed when you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the tube is restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Cataract, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the eye, surrounded by

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by cataract) that cannot be cured by Bell's Cataract Cure. Send for circular free.

W. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75¢.

Take Hall's Family Pill for constipation.

Dr. Bell's Pine Tar Honey.

For your cold, for your cough, for your hoarse throat, nose and head, use Dr. Bell's Pine Tar Honey. Honey soothes the irritation. Pine Tar cuts the phlegm, thus relieving congestion. Pine Tar also acts as an antiseptic as a result general relief follows. Breathing becomes easier and further inflammation is arrested. Insist on Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. It is an ideal treatment. Price 25c.

GUESTS MISSED DEATH

BY A NARROW MARGIN

Chicago, Feb. 13.—Analysis of the poisoned soup which made a hundred or more prominent guests violently ill at a banquet given Archbishop Mundelein here last Thursday night at the University Club was completed by Dr. Frederick O. Toney to-day.

The analysis showed that the guests who partook of the soup missed death by a narrow margin. The poison used was white oxide of arsenic. Dr. Toney said that his estimate showed that the portions served each guest contained one and a half grains of the drug.

His calculations showed that the entire kettle of soup contained 480 grains. This development was regarded as significant by detectives working on the case. In the amateur laboratory of Jean Crones, the missing assistant chef at the club, an ounce bottle said to have contained arsenic, but which was empty, was found. An ounce of the drug contains 480 grains.

Crones disappeared on the night of the banquet and had not been located to-night. Hinton G. Clabaugh, chief of the Chicago Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice, joined in the search. The bureau is said to be watching an Eastern friend of Crones.

"It may be said there is a possibility that the case may have interesting ramifications," said Mr. Clabaugh.

Capt. Nicholas Hunt, chief of the detective bureau, said that information important to the search was obtained from a letter found in the



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The small town merchant, the rural business man or the farmer who uses a typewriter has the advantage over the man who does not.

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Vanderbilt Training School for Boys

ELKTON, KY.

Will help parents develop their sons into the best type of citizens and Christian gentlemen. Its patronage is widely scattered and comes from the best homes in the South. Its capacity is limited, therefore, reservations should be made early. Place your son in this select group of boys. Write

MATHENEY & BATT

For catalogue and information. Box A.

home of Jean Allegrini, a friend of Crones. Allegrini and Pasquale Ligino, another friend of the missing chef, are being held by the police.

Unusual precautions were taken by the police to guard the archbishop at a big reception tendered him to-night. Thirty detectives were scattered through the crowd, and others sat on the platform during the speaking programme.

WILL FILL A WANT!

Since the suspension of the Louisville Weekly Courier-Journal, there has been quite a demand for a weekly Kentucky newspaper that gives all the more important state news, as well as the general news, crisp editorials, good stories, timely cartoons and illustrations.

There is no such excellent paper as the—

Twice-a-Week

Owensboro Messenger

(Edited by Urey Woodson.)

It comes every Wednesday and Saturday, (16 pages a week or more), and is up-to-date in every regard.

Try the Twice-a-Week Messenger for a year in connection with the Hartford Republican.

Both papers, one year for \$1.50. All clubbing subscriptions should be addressed to Republican, Hartford, Ky.

We Knock the Spots Out of Things Ladies' and Men's Garments

French Dry Cleaned and Pressed in a Superior Manner.

Send us your Garments and Have Them

CLEANED CLEAN

Packages called for and delivered.

THE ELITE PRESSING CLUB

A. Iva Nall, Prop.

HARTFORD, KENTUCKY.

Electric Bitters

Succes when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weaknesses they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified.

FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE

It is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

WILL YOU TAKE OUR GERMINAL REMEDY

A Treatment for WEAK LUNGS or CONSUMPTION

FOR ONE MONTH

A quick relief for that tired, run-down feeling, coughs, pains in chest, night sweat, hemorrhages, weak lungs or consumption. It does not help you it costs you nothing.

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ALLISON J. BARNETT.....Editor
ESTILL BARNETT, Associate Editor

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Subscribers desiring the paper sent to a new address must give the old address in making the request.

Business Local and Notices 10c per line and 5c per line for each additional insertion.

Obituaries, Resolutions and Card of Thanks 2c per line, money in advance.

Church Notices for services free, but other advertisements, 5c per line.

Anonymous communications will receive no attention.

TELEPHONES.
Cumberland 123
Farmers' Mutual 50

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 18.

For President 1916
CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS,
of Indiana.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce
TOM SPURKIN, of Grayson County
as a candidate for Congress, from the
4th district, and to the action of
the Republican primary Saturday,
Aug. 5, 1916.

Now isn't Wilson in one mess?
The whole Garrison has deserted.

Only grape juice was permitted
before Bryan left but now the Pres-
ident has Brandeis.

Senator Leach has introduced a
bill compelling all trains to stop at
the nearest station within four miles
of the county seat.

Representative Embrey has intro-
duced a bill in the House carrying a
heavy punishment to anyone killing
a fox during the chase.

Should say we do need to prepare.
Over in Europe they have guns that
will shoot for miles, while we stick
to the old policy of Lansing.

They say the early bird catches
the worm, but woe unto the chicken
that catches it other than in its own
back yard around these parts.

Now that the Lusitania case is
nearing settlement and that the City
Council has refused to repeal the
chicken law let's be looking around
for presidential timber.

A Christian county girl proposed,
took her "to-he" to Hopkinsville, got
free license, was married free and
among other presents received by
the couple were a tombstone and
twelve bottles of Castoria. Here's
hoping the brave lady will find the
latter gift more useful of the two.

Five hundred and twenty-five Re-
publicans celebrated the birth of
Lincoln Saturday night. Speeches
were made by Mayor Thompson, of
Chicago, Ed. Morrow, O'Rear, Franks
and others. As an attest to his pop-
ularity Mr. Morrow was greeted by
"Howdy Ed," both upon his en-
trance and when he arose to speak,
by the big crowd.

Lively scenes occurred in the Leg-
islature Friday when Representative
Pumphrey charged Representative
Harvey of Webster county, of having
improper relations with a chamber-
maid at the hotel in Frankfort. The
charge seems to be unfounded and
the affair is little appreciated by the
people over the State. They prefer
to hear about that State deficit and
let the little chambermaid go on
about her work.

Public spirited men of Louisville
have launched a campaign to raise
funds for the erection of a large
auditorium in that city. Louisville
has long needed such a building and
the citizens who are giving their
time and money to this movement
are to be commended. When a pub-
lic man of note speaks in Louisville
under the present arrangement people
out in the State who really want
to attend are reluctant for fear of
being forced to stand about three
blocks away and hear only an echo
of the speaker's voice.

THE FARMER.

Until properly informed it is the
general opinion of one who never
spent a part of life tilling, or aiding
in tilling, the soil that the easiest
work, the most independent living
and the most happy hours belong to
him of that most honorable of all
honorable trades, called farming.
Writers are very free with their
advice to the farmer. They tell him to
stay on the farm and all that, but
how many of them would welcome
the chance to go to the farm, put in

the long hours and endure the hard-
ships that fall to the lot of most of
our Ohio county boys. Many of them
would go all right, but upon condi-
tions that would be rather hard for
them or anyone else to meet. They
would probably demand a well-clear-
ed land within a short distance of a
city, good farm machinery, an auto-
mobile and a good pike. Added to
this, of course, they must have a
foreman and several good hired
hands. With those inducements farm
life would be the merriest, the hap-
piest and the greatest. But such is
not the lot of the boys in the
trenches.

Farming is the oldest of all pro-
fessions. It can be traced almost to
the beginning of man. The proper
work for farming is, as we all know,
agriculture, derived from the Latin
words ager (field or land) and colo
(to cultivate). However, our fore-
fathers brought with them from Brit-
ain the term farm, the derivation of
which is uncertain. In Britain, then
and now, practically all farm lands
are owned by landlords and leased
for divers periods of time. The word
farm is used over there to signify a
piece of this leased land, and from
that source we, in this country, get
our terms farm and farmer. But the
word does not only mean the lessor
of land, it signifies the owner also.
But now that we have the source of
the name let us see what the average
farmer actually does.

He has the glorious privilege of
springing from the bed long before
the dawn of an approaching day. He
feeds his team while the dear wife,
who has such an easy time, cooks
breakfast. The poultry, the hogs
and other stock also demand atten-
tion. Before the last bite of maple
syrup soaked buck wheat cake is
well on its way the farmer is near-
ing the barn. His team geared, he
departs for the field, and long before
the people of the towns and cities
are through with their daily protest
to the one who would dare disturb
their slumber, is causing the sod to
crack and groan with his labors and
Oliver chill. Or he may be spreading
consternation among animate beings
in the meadow with the click of
his mower. No matter what the la-
bor on this particular day it's work,
work, work.

A hurried lunch and it's back to
the fields again. Some take a half
hour for rest, but they are few in the
busy seasons. Provided there is no
moon, work ceases at dark. The
horses, put up, feeding, milking and
routine work over and the farmer
takes his second lamplight meal of
the day. He has probably fifteen
minutes to read the paper and talk
with his family. It doesn't seem to
him that he is sound asleep until the
clock announces 3:30 a.m., and that

is the time most Ohio county farmers
get up during the busy seasons.
There is no one for him to protest to,
except the guiding hand that assists
the earth around its axis and causes
time to pass by. No time for him
to stretch and yawn. He must be up
and about, repeating the work of the
day before.

But you say he has nothing in-
vested, no financial troubles to wor-
ry him. He hasn't 'ey? Well, he
has his farm, large or small. He has
his machinery, his cattle, his stock.
If his acreage is large he must em-
ploy men, besides doing a good day's
work himself, and his money doesn't
come by the week, nor the month,
but ordinarily once a year. If he is
without capital he must pay interest
in the meantime for funds to run the
business. A steer lays down and
dies, and the farmer kisses good
night his year's profit on cattle. Wa-
ter, hail, fire and other elements ap-
pear in excess and the farmer is
shoved to the wall. The farmer has
his troubles, just as you and I.

It is true there are assets to farm
life and among these the grandest,
it seems to us, is the great privilege
of living so close to mother nature.
To see and hear her little envys so
cheerfully announcing the approach
of her great hall of fire. The farmer
who leans upon his plow handles, sees
the dark eastern sky grow grey, then
lighter, then red, old sol in all its
glory show that glittering face; who
hears the wood pecker on a far off
snag sound a reveille for all animal
and insect life to be astir; who real-
izes the full significance and grand-
eur of the hurried transformation
and dawn of a bright day, is surely to
be envied.

The dawn of a brighter day is ap-
proaching for the Ohio county farmer.
We have the essentials here for
a great farming district. Bad roads
seems to be the one great drawback.
The surest way of improvement along
this line seems to be the voting of
bonds. Think it over, and when you
are satisfied that is the best solution
let us lose no time in bringing up the
issue. Let your wants be known.
Discuss it in the farm department of
this paper if you wish, or tell your
magistrate, your leaders. And when
we shall have the good roads, by
bonds or otherwise our county will
come. Land is cheap here now; it

will rise as the rock goes down on
our highways.

The Ohio County farmer is read-
ing these days. He is learning to
do things scientifically. True it takes
time and money to start anew, but
it's worth something to get out of
the old rut. It means in years to
come that fifteen hours will not be
counted a short day's work in the
busy season, and that with co-opera-
tion he will receive a substantial re-
ward for his investment and a fair
profit for his labor.

JURY FINES MAN 1 CENT THEN PAYS COURT COSTS

Shelbyville, Ind., Feb. 13.—Charles Stafford, who whipped man who
caused Mrs. Stafford to leave him, was found guilty and fined 1 cent.

The jury paid the fine, contribut-
ed its services and paid the court
costs.

Public Sale.

Saturday, February 19, at one
o'clock I will offer for sale at my
residence the following: One Wag-
on, one buggy, farming implements,
household goods and a lot of good
lumber. Also 1 traction engine and
saw rigging, now in operation. Terms
will be made known on day of sale.

M. T. LIKENS,
Hartford, Ky.

POLITICAL TOPICS.

(By Frussell.)

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 15, 1916.

The Lincoln Day Banquet on last
Saturday, the 12th, was a Repub-
lican function of considerable pro-
portions. Five hundred and fifty sat
at the feast, the second of its kind
given by the Lincoln Protective Les-
sue of Louisville.

Mayor William Hale Thompson, of
Chicago, was the principal guest and
speaker; Judge George DuRelle was
a gracious and pleasing toastmaster.
Mr. Edwin P. Morrow made one
of his best and drew much applause
when he touched on the question of
National Preparedness and gave it a
boost and his endorsement. He also
stated that his plan for prepared-
ness includes a change in administra-
tion as the first essential and sug-
gested that the present administra-
tion was lacking in diplomacy and
had set up in its stead a school of
International Correspondence.

E. T. Franks, of Owensboro, spoke
on the subject—"Is It Worth the
Cost?" It was well and forcibly put
and contained much valuable com-
mercial trade information.

Judge O'Rear spoke on the sub-
ject—"If Lincoln Could Come Back."
He took some latitude, touched on
national questions, favored adequate
preparedness and had the audience
with him from the beginning. He is
highly regarded by the rank and file
of his party and enjoys the respect
and confidence of all the leaders.

This annual Republican dinner on
Lincoln's birthday is an inspiration to
all Republicans everywhere in the
State. Each year it grows larger
and there is no doubt that next year
it will be necessary to find space for
at least eight hundred plates.

It develops that some prominent
party men have reached the conclu-
sion that the State should send their
Chicago delegates uninstructed. The
sentiment is led by Congressmen
Langley and Powers, the former being
a candidate for a place on the
Big Four. This idea has gathered
strength and seems to be the first
sign of an organization in opposition
to the early sentiment for former
Vice-President Fairbanks, to whom
the party leaders are really indebted,
if not in fact committed. The ques-
tion now comes up—who prompts
this non-instruction delegation? For
whom is the former Postmaster-Gen-
eral Frank Hitchcock working? His
friends say it is Justice Hughes, but
it is pointed out by others that the
Justice made a public statement less
than ten days ago to the effect that
his name must not be used in con-
nection with the nomination and this
was in answer to a question concerning
Mr. Hitchcock and his Southern
friends, the former postmasters, who
are showing visible signs of activi-
ty now, said to be for Hughes.

The question is asked—is this
movement for Mr. Roosevelt? Does
he really want the nomination? This
question was put to Mr. Langley and
he said he had not talked to the ex-
President lately but expected to see
him upon his return from the West
Indies. Mr. Langley said that he
knew that Mr. Roosevelt did not want
Mr. Fairbanks nominated, but he
did not indicate just who he would
support.

For Sale.

120 acres of land, 1 mile of Rock-
port, Ky., mines. 60 acres bottom,
18 acres in wheat, 5 room house, 2
barns, big tobacco and stock barn.
Well watered, Coal right under same.

304 G. E. CASEBIE, R. F. D. No. 1 Rockport, Ky.

NATION-WIDE IS ALSO DEFEATED

RESOLUTION ASKING KY. REPRE- SENTATIVES AT WASHINGTON TO VOTE DRY IS TABLED.

VOTE STANDS 72 TO 14

Amendment Providing for Compensation
Adopted Then Whole Matter Dropped By The House.

Car Load of Poultry Wanted

Will pay the following cash prices delivered at Beaver
Dam, Ky., Friday, February 18th, and Saturday, February
19th, 1916:

Hens	13c	Geese	9c
Roosters	6 1-2c	Ducks	13c
Turkeys	15c	Guineas, each	25c

Please do not feed your poultry on day of delivery.

Will pay the above prices at Rosine, Ky., Friday, Feb-
18th, in forenoon.

Will also pay the above prices for poultry delivered at
our place of business at Hartford, Ky., until Saturday
noon, February 19, 1916.

W. E. ELLIS & BRO., Hartford, Kentucky.

BIG REDUCTION

OVERCOATS FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS.

\$15.00 Coats	-	-	\$9.49
12.50 Coats	-	-	7.49
10.00 Coats	-	-	6.49
8.50 Coats	-	-	4.49
5.00 Coats	-	-	3.49

and many other bargains in stock. Come
in and get the pick of the stock.

Hub Clothing Company Hartford, Ky.

Three Car Loads of Wire Fencing MOSTLY AMERICAN

Bought before the recent advances in price. We
have various styles. Write us for prices. Freight
paid to your nearest railroad station. We can make
prompt shipment.

FORDSVILLE PLANING MILL COMPANY

Jake Wilson, Mgr. FORDSVILLE, KY.

that, I am a Democrat." He said
Greene and his crowd were opposed to
everything Democratic, and bitterly
attacked Greene's Democracy.

Greene, responding, scolded Lasley
numerically, devoted his time to
ridiculing Lasley, and declaring the
best test of his Democracy came in
the Goebel campaign.

"That was the acid test, and my
Democracy for the first time is ques-
tioned this morning by a young man
who, while I was fighting the hat-
es of Democracy, still was in
short trousers," said Greene.

Meyers, supporting his amendment
and declaring he was opposed to the
resolution, said the Almighty tried
prohibition on only two, Adam and
Eve, and it failed, and a short time
later he changed water into wine,
His first miracle.

"He saw it wouldn't work; now,
do you want us to try and force it
on 70,000,000?" asked Meyers.

Asked if the action of the Al-
mighty, with regard to Adam and
Eve, was statewide prohibition, Mey-
ers quickly responded: "No, that
was world-wide and I would have
approved it."

Senator Speers corrupt practices
act came up as a special order at 12
o'clock. On his motion the Vance
corrupt practices act, which has
passed the House, was substituted
for the Senate bill.

Senator Speers said the bill seeks
to cure an evil which has been prac-
ticed in Kentucky for a number of
years, and bring about conditions
whereby pure elections may

Ladies, Attention!

Just a moment, please. We want to call your attention to the fact that we have a limited quantity of Coat Suits and Cloaks on hand that we mean to give to some one at a low price. The season is late and we are wise enough to know that they must be rare bargains if we induce you to buy. Hence the low prices we quote you:

Ladies' Long Coats, \$12.50 value, \$7.49
 Ladies' Long Coats, \$10.00 value, \$6.39
 Ladies' Long Coats, \$7.50 value, \$4.59
 Ladies' Coat Suits, \$12.50 and \$15.00
 value, \$7.98
 Six carried-over Coat Suits, former
 price \$15, \$18, \$20 value, choice \$4.98

Like reductions in all Children's Cloaks. If reduction will make them move, they will go right out. Be wise. Come early and get the PICK. Do this and remember that

It Pays to Trade With a House That
 Saves You Money.

FAIR & CO.
 THE FAIR DEALERS

Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 18.

L. H. & ST. L. R. R. TIME TABLE.

No. 113 due at Ellimitch 8:32 p. m.

No. 110 due at Ellimitch 7:30 a. m.

No. 112 Lv. Ellimitch 3:40 p. m.

Ar. Irvington 5:35 p. m.

Lv. Irvington 5:56 p. m.

Ar. Louisville 7:40 p. m.

No. 111 Lv. Louisville 8:35 a. m.

Ar. Irvington 10:06 a. m.

Lv. Irvington 10:40 a. m.

Ar. Ellimitch 1:04 p. m.

M. H. & E. R. R. TIME TABLE.

South Bound, No. 115—

Due at Hartford 8:45 a. m.

North Bound, No. 114—

Due at Hartford 5:55 p. m.

(Both "Mixed Trains.")

Mr. T. R. Barnard, of Island was here Thursday.

Mrs. Attye Grimm is visiting relatives in Greenville.

For anything in the Grocery line call the Green Front Grocery.

Mr. Earl Rickard left yesterday for a visit to relatives in Livermore.

Attorney E. M. Woodward has returned from a business trip to Illinois.

Mr. W. C. Barrow, of Morgantown, was over Saturday to take the bar examination.

Judge Jno. B. Wilson attended the good roads meeting at Lexington last week.

Mr. Fred Robertson left yesterday for Providence, Ky., where he has accepted a position.

Mr. Isaac Foster, who is doing some construction work at Central City, came up Wednesday for a short stay.

Dr. E. B. Pendleton left Wednesday, with a patient for Louisville, where he placed the latter in a hospital.

Don't fail to hear the Brewer Entertainers at College Hall Saturday night. Music that we all understand and enjoy.

Sheriff B. O. Keown, A. D. Kirk and Gilmore Keown attended the Lincoln Banquet at Louisville Saturday night.

Just received a full line of wagon and team harness. Get our prices before you buy. We can save you money.

ACTON BROS.
 Hartford, Ky.

E. Brewer, accompanist, manager. These young ladies are endowed with the highest musical talent in their respective parts and combined are capable of giving an entertainment which receives much eulogy wherever they have appeared. Lovers of heart-stirring music are thrilled with the most pleasant appreciation. Those who attend will receive a full measure of enjoyment and the evening's pleasure will be long remembered.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Methodist.

The Rev. J. T. Rushing, presiding elder, delivered a splendid sermon from the pulpit of the local M. E. Church Sunday morning. Doctor Rushing took for his text, Heb. 12:14, "Follow with all Men, and Holiness, without which no man Shall see the Lord." He stated that there were five hindrances to permanent peace, namely, avarice, ambition, anger, envy and ignorance. Under the sub-head, "Follow Holiness," Rev. Rushing said: "Men do not become Holy by subscribing to the ceremonies of the Church, such as Baptism. They do not become Holy by cleaning up their outward life. But they do become Holy by letting God come into their hearts." The subject was very ably handled all through the discourse.

The Rev. B. W. Napier, pastor, will preach at the Methodist church Sunday morning and night. The subject of the morning sermon will be, "God's Idea of Atheism." The subject for Sunday night will be announced at the morning service.

Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock Mrs. B. W. Napier will meet with the little folks and relate for them, a beautiful little story.

The Christian.

There will be the regular services at the Christian church Sunday morning and night by the pastor, Rev. S. E. Harlan. The subject of the morning sermon will be "Divinity of Christ." For the evening service, "Pardon and Forgiveness." This will be Rev. Harlan's introduction to his Hartford congregation as pastor of the local church, and a full attendance is expected.

In Memory.

Beaver Dam, Ky., Feb. 12.—Mrs. P. F. Cox, wife of J. W. Cox, living near Cromwell died Feb. 6, in her 83d year.

Mrs. Cox had been about her regular household duties Saturday and died Sunday afternoon. She had been a member of the Baptist church since she was 13 years of age. She leaves two children, Mrs. S. L. Stevens, Beaver Dam, and Mr. S. M. Taylor of Kansas City, Mo.

Her funeral was preached by her pastor, Eld. R. L. Creel, at her residence 8th, Inst.

Since she had long been a member of Slaty Creek church. Peace to her memory.

Durocs For Sale.

For \$9 I will sell you a 5 months old pig that you can't buy from the Pig Breeder for less than \$20. If you don't believe me write for pedigree, also breed Sows, Gulls and White Wyandotte chickens and eggs.

R. E. BARRETT,
 Beaver Dam, Ky.

HOLE DUG IN JAIL WALL
 WITH KNIFE AND SPOON

Yreka, Cal., Feb. 13.—George Walton and Doc Riley, prisoners in the County Jail, were put in irons by Sheriff Howard following the discovery of an attempt by them to escape from death a few weeks ago when he came in contact with a live wire in the mines at Central City. The shock rendered him unconscious for several hours.

Mr. Tom Bradley received very painful injuries Monday when he fell from his wagon on the Beaver Dam pike near the residence of Mr. Tom Marks. The wagon was loaded with about 500 pounds of hay and corn and Mr. Bradley fell in such a position that the wheel ran over his chest. A large cut was also sustained on the left cheek. The injuries are not thought to be fatal.

In another column of this issue will be found the announcement of Hon. Tom Spurrier, of Grayson county, as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Congress from this district. Mr. Spurrier is making a name for himself at Frankfort, having been active in all the efforts of the minority of the House.

Don't fail to hear the Brewer Entertainers at College Hall here next Saturday night under the auspices of the Hartford College Lyceum Board. The entertainment is given by three young ladies and the personnel is as follows: Grace M. Brewer—violin soloist, vocal soloist, piano soloist, trombone soloist; Ruth M. Brewer—reader, clarinet soloist; Eleanor

Notice.
 To whom it may concern:
 The firm of Dexter & Baker, formerly doing a business in the town of Beaver Dam, Ky., was, by mutual agreement, dissolved on the 28th day of May, 1915. On said date F. O. Baker sold his entire interest in said partnership business to Otho Dexter, the said Dexter assuming the payment of all indebtedness against said partnership and all notes and accounts due said firm should be paid to Mr. Dexter.

304 F. O. BAKER.

WILSON TOSSES
 CHAPEAU IN RING

GIVES FORMAL CONSENT TO USE
 OF HIS NAME AS CANDIDATE
 FOR RENOMINATION.

Washington, Feb. 14.—President Wilson today formally gave his consent that his name be used as a candidate for renomination.

In a letter to the Secretary of State of Ohio the President stated that he was unwilling to enter a contest for the nomination, but was ready to permit the use of his name in the coming primary in order that the Democrats of Ohio might make known their preference.

The President made known his position in order to comply with the Ohio primary law, which requires candidates for delegates to the party conventions to make known their first and second choices before February 25, and also requires that the candidates for delegates have the consent of their choices to make use of their names.

The president was formally notified of the requirements of the law last week and today he wrote Chas. Q. Hildebrand, Secretary of State of Ohio, as follows:

"I am enclosing to you a letter of which of which I dare say will be quite obvious. Friends in Ohio have called my attention to Section 4954 of the General Code of Ohio, as amended in 1914, with regard to primary elections, and have suggested that I indicate my willingness to have my name used.

"I accordingly take the liberty of sending you the enclosed letter as formal permission under the statute.

President's Letter.

The letter the President inclosed was as follows:

"While I am entirely unwilling to enter into any contest for the Presidential nomination of the Democratic party, I am willing to permit the use of my name that the Democrats in Ohio may make known their preference in regard to that nomination.

"In order, therefore, to satisfy the technical requirements of the statutes of the State of Ohio, I hereby consent to the use of my name as a candidate for the Presidency by any candidate who seeks to be elected a delegate to the National Democratic Convention, which is to assemble in June next.

This was the first time the president has consented formally to have his name used in connection with the nomination. His name has been placed on the primary ballot in several States, however, through the activity of friends.

The President takes the position that the voters will have to determine whether he will make the race for the Presidency in 1916, as the Democratic candidate. In a letter written to A. Mitchell Palmer, then a representative from Pennsylvania, before his inauguration, Mr. Wilson made it plain that he would only be a candidate again if the Democratic voters desired it.

Political advisors and friends of the President have taken for granted for months that he would be the nominee of his party, and have made their plans accordingly. The National Democratic Committee has prepared all the campaign material with the idea that he would be the party candidate.

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CHRISTIAN COUNTY GIRL "POPS"
 QUESTION; GETS MANY
 PRESENTS.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Feb. 15.—Claiming the presents which Hopkinsville business men had offered to the bride who popped the question during leap year, Miss Sallie Eldora Brown, a pretty Crofton girl, appeared this afternoon at the office of Circuit Clerk Harris, accompanied by James Herbert Tweddell, a young North Christian farmer. Both made affidavits to the effect that on St. Valentine's eve she proposed matrimony and he accepted.

A free license was given them and they were married without charge by County Judge Walter Knight at the entrance of Richard Leavell's sales stable. In the background was a fine mule presented to the couple by Mr. Leavell.

Among the other gifts were \$300 worth of premium tickets a wedding ring, a dress, a rocking chair, two settings of eggs, life-size photographs, 1,000 pounds of ice, a box of cigars, a wedding supper, a year's subscription to the New Era, twelve bottles of Castoria and a tombstone. The bride is 17 and the groom 18.



YOU CAN RELY
 ON ANYTHING YOU BUY
 FROM US, BECAUSE WE "STAND BEHIND"
 EVERYTHING WE SELL.

COME IN AND GIVE US ALL OF YOUR BUSINESS FOR ONE MONTH. THAT'S ALL WE ASK.

WHEN YOU ONCE BECOME OUR CUSTOMER WE WANT TO KEEP YOU A CUSTOMER. TO DO SO, WE TREAT YOU RIGHT WHEN YOU FIRST DEAL WITH US, AND KEEP RIGHT ON TREATING YOU RIGHT AS LONG AS YOU LIVE.

CARSON & CO.

INCORPORATED.

Hartford, Kentucky.

DANIEL'S RETIREMENT
 DEMANDED BY LEAGUE

PRESIDENT OF NATIONAL SECURITY SAYS HE IS UNFIT FOR PLACE.

Pittsburg, Feb. 16.—S. Stanwood Menken, president of the National Security League, in a speech before the Engineers' Society of Western Pennsylvania last night, demanded the resignation of Secretary Daniels. He said:

"Through long a Democrat and a worker for my party, and of a family whose men have been Democrats since the foundation of this government, I regretfully have come to the conclusion that Mr. Daniels has shown no fitness for his position nor title to continue it.

"I say this because at the present juncture, with no politics but preparedness, no creed but America, we must feel it is the proper time to ask if the American people show their belief in Mr. Wilson by re-electing him, whether four years more of Mr. Wilson means four years more of Mr. Daniels.

"This is the gravest moment to those of us who, while recognizing Mr. Daniel's amiable qualities and political record, feel his control of the upbuilding of our navy and its personnel is a menace to our national safety.

"His retention is explicable only because of the president's loyalty to him born of friendship or because of political expediency—neither consideration concerns the American people."

HEN HATCHES 8 CHICKS
 MERCURY 14 BELOW ZERO

Olathe, Kan., Feb. 13.—With the thermometer at 14 degrees below zero, the Kansas hen has scored again. The other morning Mrs. M. W. Ott heard a hen clucking in the hay mow of the barn. Investigation showed eight downy Buff Orpington chicks, just hatched.

POND RUN.

Feb. 15.—Rev. J. A. Collard, of Rosine filled his regular appointment at Pond Run the first Saturday and Sunday.

Rev. Aaron Ross filled his regular appointment at Cleaton Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. W. B. Robertson, who has

been sick is able to be out again. Miss Martha Ross, who has been ill is improving.

Mr. Ray Hunter and little son, Noalen, of Illinois visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Hunter one night last week.

Misses Eva and Esther Fulton spent Monday night with Miss Margaret Tamerlin. They were accompanied home Tuesday by Misses Ruth and Bessie Graham who spent the night with them and the day with Miss Altha Robinson Wednesday.

Mr. Jack Hockenberry lost a fine horse Tuesday morning.

Mr. August Fulkerson and family spent Monday night with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Fulkerson.

Miss Carrie Southard has been visiting her grandfather, Mr. Bill Chinn.

Mrs. Mat Graham and two daughters, Marie and Jessie spent Tuesday night with her brother, Mr. Will Tamerlin.

I OWE
 MY HEALTH

To Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Washington Park, Ill.—"I am the mother of four children and have suffered with female trouble, backache, nervous spells and the blues. My children's loud talking and romping would make me so nervous I could just tear everything to pieces and I would ache all over and feel so sick that I would not want anyone to talk to me at times. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills restored me to health and I want to thank you for the good they have done me. I have had quite a bit of trouble and worry but it does not affect my youthful looks. My friends say 'Why do you look so young and well?' I owe it all to the Lydia E. Pinkham remedies."

Mrs. Robt. Stpiel, Moore Avenue, Washington Park, Illinois.

We wish every woman who suffers from female troubles, nervousness, backache or the blues could see the letters written by women made well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If you have any symptom about which you would like to know write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free of charge.

FARM DEPARTMENT

For Our Farm Department.
Hartford, Ky., Feb. 7, 1916.

Editors Hartford Republican:

Let me congratulate you upon your happy thought to establish a "Farm Department" in your paper, which will be of benefit to all the farmers in the Green River Country"—if they will subscribe for your newspaper—and read it. Moreover, the farmers can exchange ideas about proper tillage and rotation of crops, the best methods of fertilizing and conserving their soils, and the most profitable way of marketing their crops—if they will use the Republican as the vehicle for those purposes. Not only this, but every agriculturist should pay for and support his local and county seat paper, in order that said paper may be able financially, and mentally and mechanically, to furnish him a better paper, editorially, educationally and agriculturally.

It is by the cultivation of community interests rather than the selfish and short-sighted individual interest that the social spirit is engendered, which leads to the co-operation among the farmers for their own benefits, individually and collectively.

One farmer (nor a few farmers) does not count in the scheme of things now, when all the capitalists, all the buyers and all the corporations stand united together to fleece the farmers and to exploit labor in general and in common.

These exploiters of the working class are intelligent (for their own economic interests), and class conscious in all their purposes for parasitism on labor. Hence, they have their organizations and associations for, not only protecting their class and economic interests, but also to enhance their profits. Why, then, is the farmer so stupid and ignorant that he will not unite with his brother farmers to protect his class and economic interests?

Does not the farmer now realize that the sun of the day individualism has set never to rise again, but that the dawn of the glorious morn of collectivism is now here? Can he not see that the hell of competition is passing and that the era of co-operation is coming?

Whenever the farmers and laborers realize that competition and capitalism as evidenced in Europe, are destroying life, property, civilization and happiness, and creating hell and pandemonium on earth, they will hasten themselves to bring about collectivism and co-operation.

Let our farmers revive the American Society of Equity, pool their products, stand for their common good, and labor together under the motto—"One for all, and all for one," and, eventually, they will prosper and be happy!

Yours for the social, financial and class-interests of the farmers and laborers.

W. H. CUNDIFF.

Fundamentals of Farm Management.
Certain fundamental principles of farm management are advanced by specialists of the department as having been brought out or substantiated by a thorough agricultural survey of an old and representative farming section of Chester county, Pa. These principles are summarized as follows:

Farming conforms to local soil, climate, labor, and market conditions as well as to the business conditions of the individual farm.

When conditions remain unchanged for a long time, farming becomes approximately what it ought to be to get the best results, provided that practice which is immediately the most profitable does not deplete soil fertility.

Success in farming, measured in per cent of profit on investment, does not depend on the magnitude of the farm business, but measured in terms of the standard of living of the farm family it is directly proportional to the magnitude of business.

Profits increase as yields per acre increase until the yields are considerably above the average for the locality, but beyond this point increased yields are obtained at loss.

In quantity of product per dairy cow the point of diminishing returns is not reached in ordinary farm practice.

It is easier and more profitable to increase low yields per acre than high ones, and small product per cow than large product. In other words, profits can be increased more easily by attention to the weakest points in a farming system.

There is a way of grouping the enterprises of a farm that is more profitable than any other way; that is, there is a certain most profitable acreage for each crop and a most profitable proportion of income from one source.

Some enterprises, such as poultry keeping, may be made profitable as side lines, yet are difficult to make profitable when made a main fea-

ture of the farm business.

Production costs much more per bushel or per ton on the small farm than on the large farm of the same type.

Diversity of business is an important factor of success on the average farm. A moderate degree of diversity is better than either extreme.

Diseases from Cow's Milk.

It is well known that disease is acquired from drinking contaminated milk. By protecting milk from becoming contaminated we can do much to prevent the occurrence and spread of such diseases as tuberculosis, typhoid fever, septic fever, diphtheria, tonsillitis, cholera and gastrointestinal disorders. The housewife can do her share in safeguarding her household from acquiring diseases by taking care of the milk brought into the home every day. The bottles containing the day's supply should be carefully washed with water around the tops before being placed in the ice chest. The neck and open portion of the milk bottle is very apt to be contaminated from the soiled hands of the persons who delivers the milk.

Pasteurization of the milk while it is in the bottles, before it is put in the ice chest, will insure protection from disease which may be lurking in the milk—for milk may come from diseased cows.

Milk also may be contaminated by the milker, the container, the surroundings, the water used to wash the cans or to adulterate the milk; or it may become contaminated at the dealer's or purchaser's by being left uncovered, exposed to flies, dust, etc., or by not being kept in a cool place.

The only way to prevent the transmission of disease by milk is to insist on a thorough inspection of all dairies and sources of milk supply and to educate the public in the care of milk between the time of purchase and its consumption.

The inspection of milk should include: The color, the reaction, specific gravity, sediment, taste, odor, acidity, total quantity of solids and of water; the percentage of cream, fat, lactose, casein and ash, the presence or absence of preservatives, coloring matter, added solids, dilution, pathogenic organisms, dirt or other foreign matter. There should also be a thorough investigation as to the source of milk, the cows and their environment, the method employed in caring for, milking, storing and transporting the milk.

As the consumer of milk has no way of finding out where the milk comes from, the best she can do to protect herself from illness caused by using milk must be done after the milk reaches her door. This she can fortunately do without much trouble and expense. It is an easy matter to wash the outside of the filled bottles and then to place them in a kettle containing cold water reaching up to a level or slightly above the height of the milk in the bottles; remove the covers in the bottles and place the kettle with the bottles in it over the fire. When the water begins to boil, remove the kettle from the stove and place it where the water will cool, allowing the bottles with the milk in them, to remain in the water until it is cool. Place the covers (which should have been washed in cold water) over the tops of the bottles as soon as the kettle is removed from the stove. When the water in the kettle stands for twenty minutes, remove the bottles from the kettle and place them in the ice chest to be kept cool.

Milk treated in the manner described is pasteurized and is perfectly clean and safe to use.

Agricultural Moving Pictures.

The Department of Agriculture was one of the first of the government bureaus to take up the "movie" as a means of education. The motion picture work has been financed by having each bureau whose operations are shown in a film stand the expense of its production. Each bureau owning films has been requested by the committee to make the widest possible use of them to purchase additional projectors and to have other copies of their films made when these can be used to good advantage in carrying out special campaigns of education. Information about this accelerated motion picture work will be gathered to a head by monthly reports to the chairman of the Motion Picture Committee, which, in addition to data as to subjects, location and dates, will make as accurate an estimate as possible of the effectiveness of the films in increasing the size of the audiences over those attending similar unillustrated lectures, or those illustrated by lantern slides.

Finally the committee will bring about co-operation between the film-owning bureaus and the states' relations service of the department, which has under it hundreds of country demonstration agents in all parts of the country.

Some enterprises, such as poultry keeping, may be made profitable as side lines, yet are difficult to make profitable when made a main fea-

ture movement will be an intense test through the demonstration agents of selected programs of films in five states. From these tests suggestions will be gotten for improvements in existing films and new subjects needed. On the tests, it is believed, will hinge to a large extent the committee's decisions on questions it has been considering for some time, such as the advisability of the states' relations service making films of its own for use through its country-wide organization, sale of films by the department to agricultural colleges, and, most important of all, release of the department's education subjects through the national commercial film exchanges that would show them in thousands of theaters throughout the country.

Cowpeas Increase Soil Fertility.

When P. H. Ross went to Leavenworth County, Kan., four years ago as agricultural agent, he found many farms in the county in a badly worn-out condition. A fertile soil is the basis of successful agriculture, and it seemed to him that the principal problem in that country was to rebuild these worn out farms. As a quick means of showing what could be done, the farm bureau furnished enough cowpeas to plant an acre on a number of farms in the county. These cowpeas were distributed by Mr. Ross, and they were planted, and along in the fall the crop was plowed under. As a result of the fertility added by plowing under this crop of cowpeas, the yield of potatoes the following year was increased twenty-five bushels an acre over a similar plot that did not grow a crop of cowpeas. Corn was increased at the rate of nine bushels an acre. The seed bed upon which the wheat was sown was poor. It is not an easy matter to prepare a suitable seed bed after plowing under a green manuring crop. It is usually a better plan to follow the turning under of a crop of cowpeas with corn. The purpose of this demonstration, however, was accomplished. It showed that even so simple a measure as turning back a little fertility in the form of a green manure crop, would immediately show in the crop following.

The farm bureau of Leavenworth County has been systematically working along the line of soil improvement ever since its organization. More live stock has been introduced into the county. Silos have been built, and when the farmers of the county begin to take systematic measures to rebuild their soil, the yields of the stable crops of the county will begin to increase.

FARMERS' FREE WANT ADS.

Wanted to sell—Some of the best hand-packed tomatoes. Price \$1.00 per dozen.

Apply to JOHN ROWE, Centertown, Ky.

Do You Find Fault With Everybody?

An irritable, fault-finding disposition is often due to a disordered stomach. A man with good digestion is nearly always good natured. A great many have been permanently benefited by Chamberlain's Tablets after years of suffering. These tablets strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. Obtainable everywhere.

Church Bell Stolen.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Feb. 12.—The bell of Highland Chapel, or the Second Methodist church, here, was loaded into a buggy and taken away today by two men this afternoon.

The platform upon which the bell formerly rested had given way and the bell was lying on the ground while a new platform was being built.

ESTIMATE POPULATION OF U. S. AT 101,208,315

Washington, Feb. 13.—Census Bureau experts estimated today that the population of the United States on January 1, last, was 101,208,315 and that by July it would be 102,017,203.

On July 1 last year they figured the population at 100,399,318. Western States have led in growth, Washington heading the list with Oklahoma, Nevada, North Dakota and New Mexico following in the order named.

The bureau's estimates are based on the rate of increase between the 1900 and 1910 censuses.

FIFTY POSSUM HUNTERS INDICTED; MANY CONFESS

Morgantown, Ky., Feb. 12.—Fifty alleged possum hunters were indicted here today, some upon confessions of guilt.

Commonwealth's Attorney Gilliam said some of those indicted came into court and confessed voluntarily without any promise of immunity. The trials, he thought, would be held at Bowling Green.

An important element of the pres-

COUNTY FARM NOTES

Mr. L. T. Barnard, of near Hartford, was in our office the other day and tells us that he is selling his line chickens and settings of eggs right and left. He has exchanged several of his high breed with poultry raisers in other states.

Mr. L. D. Bennett, a prosperous farmer of the Beda neighborhood was in to renew his subscription to the Republican Monday and while here gave us a pipe full of the most deliciously flavored home spun it has ever been our liberty to sample. Mr. Bennett had skipped before the full value of his weed had been realized, otherwise we might have wrestled with him for the rest of his twist. When Tinsley got a whiff of the flavor he "cussed" us for not putting him wise.

Many farmers are taking advantage of the opportunity to deliver their tobacco to Mr. Westerfield at the local house and Saturday it looked like old times in the yards at the warehouse. Ohio county farmers and Hartford business men are determined to have tobacco brought here next season.

Despite the bad condition of the roads hundreds of Ohio county farmers are attending the present session of Circuit Court. It has been fully demonstrated that rock roads are the best for our roads and should a bond issue be put through the voters at present there is little doubt of its going through.

Mr. Pete Iglesias will go to Bowling Green this week for the purpose of buying 100 sheep for the McMurry farm, near Hartford.

Esq. W. S. Dean in speaking of the near fight between Representatives Harvey and Pumphrey at Frankfort Friday, says the legislators have more regard for their fellow members now than when he was representative. He says that when he wanted to scrap no one offered to hold him.

Mr. Berry Taylor, of near Hartford, says we are going to force him to pay up because he has something he wants to advertise in the Farmers' want ad column.

Mr. Geo. M. Johnson is going to name his farm and have some letter heads printed. Farmers in the county are gradually awakening to the importance of having the name of their farm printed on their stationery. The cost is little more than plain stationery and adds much to the business standing of the correspondent.

County Farm Demonstrator Browder attended the meeting of the demonstrators at Lexington last week. Mr. Browder reports a very successful meeting.

Mr. S. H. Oglesby, of near Centertown, was in Monday to add a little vim in a substantial way.

Mr. Peter Shown, Hartford route 5, was in recently and boasted his subscription, and consequently ours.

Mrs. Lelia M. Fulker, Centertown route 1, is a new reader of the Republican.

Mr. Thos. C. Martin, Beaver Dam route 3, was a very pleasant caller last week.

Mr. Carl M. Taylor, Prentiss, was in last week and renewed his faith. Mr. Taylor stated there was little news from his neighborhood.

Esq. Ed. Shown, Hartford route 7, was another of those pleasant callers.

For Children's Cough.

You cannot use anything better for your child's cough and cold than Dr. King's New Discovery. It is prepared from Pine Tar mixed with healing and soothing balsams. It does not contain anything harmful and is slightly laxative, just enough to expel the poisons from the system. Dr. King's New Discovery is antiseptic—kills the cold germs—raises the phlegm—loosens the cough and soothes the irritation. Don't put off treatment. Coughs and Colds often lead to serious lung troubles. It is also good for adults and the aged. Get a bottle today. All Druggists.

American marines hereafter will be permitted to carry canes when ashore in uniform or out of garrison, the idea being to add smartness, after the manner of the swagger stick of Tommy Atkins.

Children Ory FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

HOTEL POWHATAN WASHINGTON D.C.
HOTEL OF AMERICAN IDEALS

"In a city where good hotels abound, the Powhatan heads the list. It is first in the hearts of its countrymen."

The Powhatan is refined, exclusive, location. Its excellent location, between 14th and 15th Streets, makes it a desirable headquarters for bridal couples, tourist parties, conventions, Schools and colleges.

The Powhatan attracts the people of culture and education, the diplomatic corps, the War and Navy Departments, also to many points of historical interest, makes this hotel especially attractive to a discriminating public.

The Powhatan offers rooms with detached bath at \$1.50, \$2.00 and up. Rooms with private bath, \$2.50, \$3.00 and up.

Write for booklet with map.

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Barnes & Smith

Attorneys at Law

HARTFORD, KY.

Messrs. W. H. Barnes and C. E. Smith announce that they have formed a partnership for the general practice of law, except criminal and divorce cases, Mr. Smith being County Attorney is prevented from practicing such cases. Mr. Barnes will individually accept such practice. Offices in Hartford Republican building, Hartford, Ky.

T. WADE STRATTON Cromwell, Ky. OTTO C. MARTIN

STRATTON & MARTIN

Attorneys at Law

CROMWELL, - KY.

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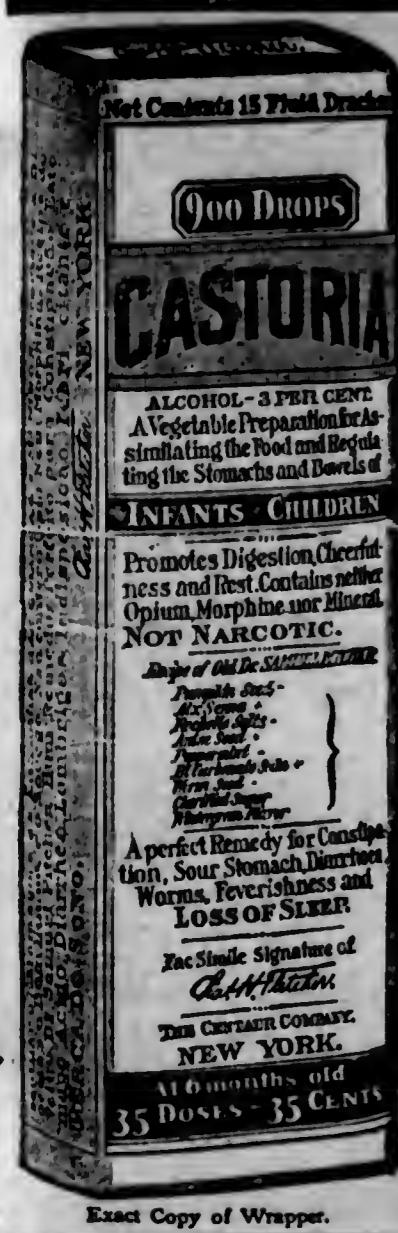
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CASTORIA

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Genuine Castoria
Always
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of
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In
Use
For Over
Thirty Years
CASTORIA

THE GENTLE COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

MYSTERIOUS ELEPHANTS OF CENTRAL AMERICA

ENGLISH SCHOLAR EXPLAINS WHY THEIR FIGURES APPEAR IN STONE-WORK.

In all the history of civilizations there is no darker mystery than that of the lost cities of Central America. Their ruins remain—temples and courtyards, palaces, strange carved monuments patterned with human heads. And all over the jungle.

The people of a hundred cities are gone. No one knows when they went nor why nor where. All that can be made out is that the civilization arose suddenly, perhaps not many centuries before the year 1000 of our era, flourished for only a few hundred years and then went under.

It has been maintained that the old State was literally washed away by the rain, that a series of wet years sent the tropical vegetation rolling in on the cultivated fields. Lacking iron weapons, men fought in vain against the plants.

But all this as it may, a civilization little inferior to that of Europe of the same date perished before Columbus' time and left only its stones to show it had ever been.

An extraordinary thing about the carved altars and shafts which lie scattered thru the jungle is that here and there, along with serpents and human faces and hieroglyphs yet unread, there are occasionally the heads of elephants.

One of the Copan monuments in particular bears a striking picture. The creature's trunk is twined around some sort of low herb as if to pull it for food. The tusks are conventionalized into a spiral. A man's head appears about where it should be if the man himself were seated astride the neck, and further behind is another human figure as if carried on the back. All, in short, carved in stone, is a good deal the sort of picture that one sees nowadays in natural history primer or circus bill.

But there are no elephants in America. And there have not been any since the great ice Age, when the mammoth roamed what are now the prairies and even strayed as far south as Mexico. Either, therefore, these Central Americans had passed down for some 50,000 years the tradition of the mammoth, or else they had had some much more recent contact with the eastern continent, where elephants are still common.

So the matter rested until lately. Then G. Elliot Smith of the University of Manchester, England, took it up.

Unlike his predecessors, Professor Smith did not rest content with noting that the sculptor at Copan had carved an elephant's head. He asked in addition just what kind of elephant it was.

The Milwaukee identification was made by John Sullivan, chief of Milwaukee detectives, who today looked over the men in the Chicago Detective Bureau in search of two safe blowers and recognized Dalrymple as a man who he said was wanted in Milwaukee for passing a forged check.

According to the police, Dalrymple admitted the second identification as readily as he did the first. He was first arrested as a suspicious character last night and taken to detective headquarters where a circular telling of the big estate waiting for him was unearthed.

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First of all, then, Professor Smith argues that the Copan figure is not an American mammoth nor the woolly elephant of Siberia, nor the African species, for example, have enormous tusks and great ears. But the circus elephant, which is the Indian species has ears hardly larger than a circus fan and tusks only just large enough to make one row of hilliard balls.

Now, there are elephants and

elephants. Most of them, the African species, for example, have enormous tusks and great ears. But the circus elephant, which is the Indian species has ears hardly larger than a circus fan and tusks only just large enough to make one row of hilliard balls.

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Now the common or circus elephant, altho. confined now in his wild state to the neighborhood of India, occurred also not so very long ago in China. In fact, various old Chinese potters of the time of the Middle Ages used to decorate their wares with figures of elephants or with elephants' heads.

Furthermore, if you take the trouble to run the tip of your tongue along the roof of your mouth, you will feel there certain rough hairs lying crosswise. The elephant has these same hairs on the under side of his trunk where every child has noticed them when he throws peanuts into the creature's mouth.

For the elephant's trunk is not, as is commonly supposed, his nose, but his nose, upper lip and palate all pull out together. The under side of the trunk, therefore, being really the roof of the mouth, carries, naturally, the roof hairs.

Both the Chinese potters and the sculptors of Copan took pains to figure these peculiar markings whenever their elephants had their trunks twisted so as to show the under side.

At this point Professor Smith once more takes up the argument. The Copan figure cannot possibly be based on any old tradition of the In-

dian elephant brought over by some immemorial ancestor who crossed Bering Strait. The man who cuts roof hairs and gets the right shape of an ear is pretty close to first hand knowledge of the thing he figures.

And yet, Professor Smith goes on to argue, the Central Americans could never have seen an elephant in the flesh for these reasons: The ancient sculptor of Copan, along with other details, put his elephant's eye in exactly the right place—only he mistook it for the nose. In short, he drew a nostril where he should have drawn an optic.

Then he put the eye where the hole of the ear belongs. Therefore, being quite put out to account for the ear flap, he made that into a sort of ornamental head covering, as much as anything else like an embroidered scarf.

In short, argues the archaeologist, the Central American sculptor was copying another man's figure of something that he had never seen and did not more than half comprehend. He made, in other words, for the admiration of his fellow citizens, just about what he would have made if he had somehow got hold of a contemporary Chinese vase and copied the unknown creature from that.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Select Site for Postoffice.

Washington, Feb. 12.—The treasury department has selected what is known as the Johnson lot on Main street Madisonville, Ky., as the site for a new postoffice building in that city. The site will cost \$5000.

How Mr. Davis Got Rid of a Bad Cough.

"Some time ago I had a very bad cough" writes Lewis T. Davis, Blackwater, Del. "My brother, McCabe Davis gave me a small bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. After taking this I bought half a dozen bottles of it but only used one of them as the cough left me and I have not been troubled since." Obtainable everywhere.

TOLD OF HIS FORTUNE; ARRESTED FOR FORGERY

Chicago, Feb. 12.—Keith Edward Dalrymple, 23 years old, surprised yesterday by the police who told him he was the heir to a \$450,000 estate in Fort Allegheny, Pa., was surprised again today when he was further identified as a man wanted in Milwaukee for passing a forged check.

According to the police, Dalrymple admitted the second identification as readily as he did the first. He was first arrested as a suspicious character last night and taken to detective headquarters where a circular telling of the big estate waiting for him was unearthed.

The Milwaukee identification was made by John Sullivan, chief of Milwaukee detectives, who today looked over the men in the Chicago Detective Bureau in search of two safe blowers and recognized Dalrymple as a man who he said was wanted in Milwaukee for passing a forged check.

Why He Was Pleased.
"Yessir," said the rugged mountaineer to the member of congress, "I'm goin' to vote for you, hard an' frequent. You're one man as does a little suth'n to protect home industry." "Then you don't resent my stand in favor of prohibition?" "That's what I'm a-cheerin' ye for. You ain't interfered with us moonshiners with mentionin', an' you've improved the demand a heap!"—Exchange.

All the Doctor's Fault.
Doctor—"You have nervous dyspepsia same as Brown had. His was caused by worrying over his butcher's bill. I directed him to stop worrying." Stranger—"Yes, and now he's cured, and I've got it. I'm his butcher."

Col. Roosevelt Sails.
New York, Feb. 12.—Col Theodore Roosevelt and Mrs. Roosevelt sailed today on the British steamship Guiana for a pleasure trip through the West Indies. The first port the Guiana will stop at is St. Thomas in the Danish West Indies, which will be reached February 17. After visiting the British, French and Dutch colonies Col. Roosevelt expects to return to New York, arriving on March 17.

Real Estate For Sale.

We have listed with us one dwelling house in Hartford, including lot and garden, 6 neat and well kept rooms, hall and all necessary out buildings. Water in house and on lawn. Everything in first class repair. Just the place for the man who has spent his useful days on the farm and wants to move to town. Just the place for anyone who desires a home in Hartford. Goes for \$350 less than cost, yet everything practically new. Easy payments.

TINSLEY & BARNETT, Agts.
321t Hartford, Ky.

It Always Helps

says Mrs. Sylvana Woods, of Clifton Mills, Ky., in writing of her experience with Cardui, the woman's tonic. She says further: "Before I began to use Cardui, my back and head would hurt so bad, I thought the pain would kill me. I was hardly able to do any of my housework. After taking three bottles of Cardui, I began to feel like a new woman. I soon gained 35 pounds, and now, I do all my housework, as well as run a big water mill.

I wish every suffering woman would give

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

a trial. I still use Cardui when I feel a little bad, and it always does me good." Headache, backache, side ache, nervousness, tired, worn-out feelings, etc., are sure signs of womanly trouble. Signs that you need Cardui, the woman's tonic. You cannot make a mistake in trying Cardui for your trouble. It has been helping weak, ailing women for more than fifty years.

Get a Bottle Today!



full of life and action, filled with the fire of fine inspiration and followed by 250 short stories of adventure, will make

The YOUTH'S COMPANION

Better Than Ever in 1915

Then the Family Page, a rare Editorial Page, Boys' Page, Girls' Page, Doctor's Advice, and "a ton of fun," Articles of Travel, Science, Education. From the best minds to the best minds, the best the world can produce for you and everyone in the home. There is no age limit to enthusiasm for The Youth's Companion.

Three Current Issues Free
If you do not know THE COMPANION let us send you Three Current Issues FREE. Enclose this Coupon with your request.

Those who subscribe now, sending \$2 for the 52 issues of THE COMPANION for 1915, will receive The Companion Home Calendar FREE.

52 Times a Year
—not 12.

More good reading than you will get in any of the monthly magazines.

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OUR CLUBBING RATES.

THE REPUBLICAN and Louisville Herald.....	\$1.35
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THE REPUBLICAN and Twice-a-Week Owensboro Inquirer	1.75
THE REPUBLICAN and Louisville Daily Herald.....	3.50
THE REPUBLICAN and Daily Owensboro Inquirer.....	3.50
THE REPUBLICAN and Twice-a-Week O'boro Messenger	1.75
THE REPUBLICAN and Kentucky Farmer.....	1.75
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THE REPUBLICAN and Cincinnati Weekly Enquirer ...	1.50
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USE LIV-VER-LAX

For Lazy Liver and
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Constipation.

Feelright all the time. Don't lay off from work for days by taking calomel when pleasant Liv-Ver-Lax keeps you on your feet, while relieving your trouble. Safer too, and easier to take. Don't take anything else. You can't afford it. Eliminated poisons, cleanses system and relieves constipation. A natural remedy, natural in its actions, sure in its effect and certain in results. It won't be long before Liv-Ver-Lax will completely displace calomel in every home. Children can take it freely and with perfect safety. Every bottle guaranteed. 50c and \$1 in bottles. None genuine without the likeness and signature of L. K. Grigsby. For sale by J. H. WILLIAMS, - Hartford, Ky.

THOS. E. MOSS
Plasterer, Decorator and
Contractor.

Lifetime experience with best of workmen, and can give any reference desired. Call me on Hartford

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A MODERN SCHOOL

Fifty-five typewriters. Lessons explained by moving picture machine. Seven big Departments—Shorthand, Book-keeping, Telegraphy, Stenotypy, Music, Primary Normal. Expert teachers. Modern equipment. Position assured. Write for catalogue.

Davies Co. Bus. College
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OWENSBORO, KY.

When in Louisville
STOP AT
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Hotel
FRANK ECKERT, Prop.
H. H. ECKERT, Mgr.
\$1 Up. European Plan.

At this point Professor Smith once more takes up the argument. The Copan figure cannot possibly be based on any old tradition of the In-

Real Estate For Sale.
We have listed with us one dwelling house in Hartford, including lot and garden, 6 neat and well kept rooms, hall and all necessary out buildings. Water in house and on lawn. Everything in first class repair. Just the place for the man who has spent his useful days on the farm and wants to move to town. Just the place for anyone who desires a home in Hartford. Goes for \$350 less than cost, yet everything practically new. Easy payments.

TINSLEY & BARNETT, Agts.
321t Hartford, Ky.

If you want a sewing machine, write for our latest catalogue before you purchase.

The New Home Sewing Machine Co., Orange, Mass.

For orders in the back a good message to the New Home Sewing Machine Co., Orange, Mass.

TICHENOR'S Winter Cash Clearance Sale!

OUR USUAL WINTER CLEARANCE SALE BEGINS

Saturday, February 19th, and Ends Tuesday, February 29th.

We take pride in asking your careful consideration of this entire advertisement. Every item contains something that will save you money. Its study means a profit to you that you will find in no other way. We invite you to come and come early, that you may be better served.

CLOTHING.

We still maintain our reputation in this department for having the best prices, quality considered. Be sure you anticipate your wants for many months and then show yourself wise by making your purchases while the following prices are to be had:

\$21.00 Men's Suits	\$13.75
\$20.00 Men's Suits	\$12.50
\$19.00 Men's Suits	\$11.50
\$18.00 Men's Suits	\$11.00
\$16.50 Men's Suits	\$10.25
\$16.00 Men's Suits	\$10.00
\$15.00 Men's Suits	\$9.75
\$14.00 Men's Suits	\$8.50
\$12.50 Men's Suits	\$7.50
\$12.00 Men's Suits	\$7.25
\$8.00 Men's Suits	\$5.00

BOYS' SUITS.

\$9.00 Boys' Suits	\$6.00
\$8.50 Boys' Suits	\$5.75
\$8.00 Boys' Suits	\$5.50
\$7.50 Boys' Suits	\$5.00
\$7.00 Boys' Suits	\$4.75
\$6.00 Boys' Suits	\$4.00
\$5.00 Boys' Suits	\$3.50
\$4.50 Boys' Suits	\$3.25
\$4.00 Boys' Suits	\$3.00
\$3.75 Boys' Suits	\$2.75
\$3.50 Boys' Suits	\$2.50
\$3.25 Boys' Suits	\$2.25
\$2.75 Boys' Suits	\$1.75
\$2.50 and \$2.25 Boys' Suits	\$1.50
\$2.00 Boys' Suits	\$1.25

MEN'S ODD PANTS.

\$5.00 Pants	\$3.25
\$4.00 Pants	\$3.00
\$3.50 Pants	\$2.40
\$3.25 Pants	\$2.25
\$3.00 Pants	\$2.00
\$2.75 Pants	\$1.90
\$2.50 Pants	\$1.70
\$2.25 Pants	\$1.50
\$1.50 Pants	\$1.15

BOYS' LONG PANTS.

\$2.50 Pants	\$1.50
\$2.00 Pants	\$1.50
\$1.50 Pants	\$1.00
\$1.40 Pants	\$0.90

MEN'S AND BOYS' LEGGINGS.

\$3.00 for	\$1.50
75c for	50c
50c for	50c

BOYS' CORDUROY SUITS.

\$4.00 Suits, ages 7, 14 and 15 years	\$2.50
\$2.50 Suits, ages 4, 5 and 6 years	\$1.50

BOYS' KNICKERBOCKER PANTS.

\$2.00 Pants	\$1.50
\$1.50 Pants, age 9 to 15	\$1.00
\$1.00 Pants	.75

MEN'S AND BOYS' OVERCOATS.

\$16.50 Overcoats	\$10.00
\$9.00 Overcoats	\$6.00
\$8.00 Overcoats	\$5.00
\$6.00 Overcoats	\$4.00
\$4.50 Overcoats	\$3.00
\$3.00 Overcoats	\$2.00

UNDERWEAR.

50c Boys' Fleeced Union Suits	.39c
50c Misses' Union Suits	.39c
50c Infants Shirts	.39c
25c Infants Shirts	.19c
50c Men's Under Shirts	.39c
25c Boys' Undershirts	.19c

SHIRTS AND TIES.

50c Shirts	.40c
\$1.00 Shirts	.80c
\$1.00 Men's Ties	.65c
50c Men's Ties	.35c
25c Men's Ties	.25c
25c Men's Ties	.19c
50c Men's Belts	.39c
35c Men's Belts	.25c

MEN'S AND BOYS' HATS.

75c Hats	.50c
\$1.00 Hats	.75c
\$1.50 Hats	\$1.00
\$2.50 Hats	\$1.50
\$3.00 Hats	\$2.00

SWEATERS, MOTOR HOODS, &c.

\$1.00 Misses' Sweaters	.75c
50c Motor Hoods	.38c
25c Motor Hoods	.19c
20c Motor Hoods	.10c

SEWING MACHINES.

During this sale we will sell the White Rotary Sewing Machine at the remarkably low price of \$29.00. Other good guaranteed machines at \$13.00. If you need a Sewing Machine, don't overlook these prices.

LADIES', MEN'S AND CHILDREN'S HOSE.

50c Hose and Half Hose	.39c
25c Hose and Half Hose	.19c
20c Hose and Half Hose	.15c
15c Hose and Half Hose	.10c
10c Hose and Half Hose	.7c

UNDERSKIRTS.

\$1.50 Underskirts	\$1.00
\$1.00 Underskirts	.75c

NOTIONS, &c.

\$3.00 Ladies' Hand Bags	\$1.50
75c Collar and Cuff Sets	.50c
50c Collar and Cuff Sets	.35c
40c Collar and Cuff Sets	.25c
50c Belt Pins	.25c
\$1.25 Cuff Buttons	.75c
\$1.00 Cuff Buttons	.65c

75c Cuff Buttons	.50c
25c Cuff Buttons	.15c
25c Brooches	.19c
50c Brooches	.30c
15c Tie Clasps	.10c
25c Back Combs	.15c
15c Barrettes	.10c

\$1.00 Beads	.75c
50c Beads	.35c
35c Beads	.20c
25c Gloves	.19c
50c Gloves	.39c
\$1.00 Gloves	.75c
50c Wool Scarfs	.35c

\$1.00 Corsets	.80c
50c Corsets	.30c

WOOLEN DRESS GOODS, SILKS, WASH DRESS GOODS, LINENS, &c.

\$1.25 Table Linen	.90c
35c Table Linen	.25c
30c Flannelette	.19c
25c Flannelette	.19c
15c Canton Flannel	.11c
10c Canton Flannel	.8c

20c Bed Tick	.15c
12½c Ginghams	.10c
10c Ginghams	.8c
10c Cheviot	.8c
10c Kimona Goods	.7½c
15c Kimona Goods	.10c
20c Kimona Goods	.15c

25c Kimona Goods	.18c
35c Kimona Goods	.25c
15c Drapery	.11c
15c Suiting	.10c
30c Suiting	.20c
30c Rattine Novelty	.20c

25c Irish Linen	.19c
50c Serge	.40c

\$1.50 Crepe De Chine	\$1.15
35c Novelty Ponlin	.20c
30c Poplar Cloth	.20c
50c Waisting	.39c
35c Jeans	.25c

\$1.50 Underskirts	\$1.00
\$1.00 Underskirts	.75c

LADIES' AND MISSES' CLOAKS AND RAINCOATS.

\$13.25 Ladies' Coats	\$9.10
\$11.00 Ladies' Coats	\$7.50
\$10.00 Ladies' Coats	\$6.50
\$9.50 Ladies' Coats	\$6.00

\$8.00 Ladies' Coats	\$5.00
\$7.00 Ladies' Coats	\$4.50
\$5.50 Ladies' Coats	\$3.50
\$4.00 Ladies' Coats	\$2.75

\$3.00 Misses' Coats	\$2.00
\$2.00 Misses' Coats	\$1.60
\$1.90 Misses' Coats	\$1.40
\$1.40 Misses' Coats	\$1.00

\$2.75 Misses' Coats	\$1.75
\$2.00 Misses' Coats	\$1.50
\$1.50 Boys' Rain Coats	.50c
\$5.00 Ladies' Rain Coats	\$3.50

\$2.50 Misses' Rain Coats	\$1.75
\$2.00 Misses' Rain Coats	\$1.50

MILLINERY.

During the sale we will sell anything in this department in the way of head wear at exactly half price. Be sure to visit this department.

LACES, TRIMMINGS, &c.

\$1.40 All-Over Lace	\$1.00
\$1.25 All-Over Lace	.85c
50c All-Over Lace	.39c
25c All-Over Lace	.20c

\$1.00 Net	.66c
75c Trimmings	.50c
50c Trimmings	.40c
40c Trimmings	.30c
35c Trimmings	.25c
30c Trimmings	.20c
25c Trimmings	.15c
15c Trimmings	.11c
12½c Trimmings	.10c

EMBROIDERY.

A great line of new Embroideries just received. Ask to see them when at the sale.

30c Embroidery	.20c
15c Embroidery	.10c
10c Embroidery	.07c
7½c Embroidery	.05c
5c Embroidery	.03c

We are proud to say that we never had a sale that was not a success. We realize that our success has been achieved by the fair treatment our customers always get, and the remarkably low prices we place on a line of merchandise of superior quality. If you are interested in the purchase of any merchandise, either now or in the near future, the prices should appeal to you. If you have not been as prosperous as you think you should have been, we can do you no greater favor than to ask your careful consideration of our prices. Even if you are prosperous, you show your good judgment when you visit us. We will expect you to visit us many times before the sale ends.

TICHENOR & CO., - - McHENRY, KY.

BEADS ODDLY STRUNG.

(By J. H. Thomas.)

Geography publishers will welcome the appointment of Bradie's.

had scarcely warmed his seat at Frankfort before announcing his candidacy for Congress.

Ohio county money has gone into this crazy scheme.

Uncle Bill Allen lost his seat in the General Assembly but he got a lot of newspaper advertising.

Gov. Stanley has called a conference of bankers to devise a way to reduce the interest charge on the State's three million dollar debt.

J. Frank Taylor, of Glasgow, is getting ready for a ride into congress on the Republican landslide next fall, from the third district.

The Louisville Post editorializing the present activity in the iron and steel industries as the fruits of tariff is good enough to print in the Democratic campaign handbook.

Our Representative, Mr. Embry, has introduced a bill to prohibit the shooting of foxes while in the chase. He is making himself solid with the fox hunter vote.

After all history is a record of things that never happened. After nationalizing Lincoln's birthplace in Larue county now comes the iconoclast armed with affidavits and court records to prove he was born in Washington county.

A concerted movement is reported from the east to line up for Burton, of Ohio, for the Republican nomination for president.

The dry Democrats in the lower house of the Kentucky legislature are about to unseat their wet speaker.

If salvation in Trenton, New Jersey is not free it is at least marked down. At Billy Sunday's meeting ten thousand souls hit the saw dust trail at an average cost of \$2.98 each.

Gov. Stanley now denies that he